The Columbian.

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NOMINATED BY THE CITIZENS.

O. W. Cherrington, for President of Council, and Six Members Named.

H. G. Supplee, for Director.

Pursuant to a call, the faction designated on the posters as the citizens party, convened in the Town Hall Tuesday evening, for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be voted for at the election to be held on the 21st of this month. The posting of the bills about town announcing the meeting came in the nature of a surprise to a great many. Even some of the party leaders were unable to comprehend the significance of the move. Numerous inquiries of men, who are usually supposed to keep tabs on things political, did not reveal who the sponsors of the move were.

Well, the meeting was held, and a lively meeting it was. It simply knocked the spots off the two caucuses that preceded it. Among those who attended were fellows who were dissatisfied with the other two meetings, and who desired the nomination of men more to their individual liking, others were there who thought there was an opportunity to display their leadership, while not a few were attracted by a curiosity to see what would be done.

There was considerable delay in calling the meeting to order. Chas. Rabb finally took up the scepter of authority and an organization was effected. E. F. Carpenter was elected chairman and Chas. E. Kesty and G. E. Lewis secretaries. At this point in the proceedings Mr. Carpenter asked for some information. He desired to know whether it was proposed to endorse either of the tickets already named or to nominate a whole new ticket. A spirited discussion ensued and developed the fact that a majority favored the latter course and accordinly nominations for President of Council were asked for. C. C. Yetter, the Republican nominee was named but as the caucus had voted against endorsing any other candidates, his name was withdrawn and O. W. Cherrington and William Chrisman Esq. were nominated. As tellers to count the vote the chairman appointed C. M. Hess, J. E. Fidler and B. W. Hagenbuch. The vote was taken and resulted in a majority for Cherrington, he receiving 84 to 34 for Chrisman. Mr. Cherrington was declared the nominee.

Then there was another hitch, occasioned by a division of sentiment regarding the number of candidates to be nominated for council Some favored the naming of only three, while others insisted on six or none. The chairman, desirous of ascertaining the wish of the majority, hit upon a novel idea, that of dividing the house, requesting all who favored three candidates for Council to take the right side of room and those for six the left side. The result was an overwhelming victory for the former, after which the following gentlemen were placed in nomination: Fisher, Geo. D. Hartman, C. M. Bittenbender, W. L. White, William Hutton, C. W Runyon, W. B. Ferguson, C. B. Robbins, W. H. Hassert, and W. R. Ringrose. Dr. I. L. Rabb, Bart Pursel and Will Eastman were appointed tellers and they announced the result as follows: Runyon 81, Hassert 63, White 53, Bittenbender 34, Robbins 34, Fisher 37, Ferguson 19, Hartman 18 and Hutton 12.

Nominations for school director was next taken up. The names submitted were those of Jas. C. Brown and H. G. Supplee. The first however was out of order, he being the Republican nominee, and Supplee was nominated by acclamation.

At this juncture some one moved for adjournment which was carried and the meeting broke up in confusion.

The offices of Justice of the Peace and Constable were apparently forgotten and an adjournment was taken without any provision having been made to fill any vacancies that may occur.

Mr. Cherrington and C. B. Robbins have declined to run and it is rumored that some others will decline.

REPUBLICANS MADE BIG SHOWING

Caucus Attracts Large Attendance but Enthusiasm Was Lacking.

A FULL TICKET NAMED.

Not to be outdone by their Democratic brethren, the Republicans of town turned out enmasse at their party caucus held in the Town Hall Saturday night. There was no friction of any kind, neither was there any contests, save for the councilmanic nomination, and even in this the two defeated ones took their medicine gracefully and with becoming respect, so that everything passed off smoothly. Not a single dissenting voice was raised to any of the motions, and the meeting was really too tame to be interesting.

The machine had been well oiled and an organization was perfected, and a ticket placed in the field in almost less time than it takes to tell it. Republican County Chairman A. W. Duy called the meeting to order. H. A. McKillip was made chairman, and H. J. Achenbach and W. E. Rinker secretaries, and then the caucus was ready to receive nominations for Mayor. Only one name was given, that of C. C. Yetter Esq. He was nominated by Prof. G. E. Wilbur. Instantly there was made a motion that the nominations be closed, which was seconded and Mr. Yetter was declared the nominee.

Usually there are a number of declinations when it comes to placing men on the ticket for councilmen, and it not unfrequently happens that the caucus experiences considerable difficulty in securing the requisite number of men who are willing to accept. Not so in this instance. There was an abundance of material. They were on hand, five of them, all equipped with printed ballots, and the way they flitted around among the voters distributing the paper slips and scattering kind words and pleasant smiles left little doubt but that they were sincere in their decision and really wanted the nomination.

The candidates were Charles Culp, John Deily, C. Frank Deiterick, Daniel Sterner Sr., and Theodore F Conner. As tellers to count the vote the chairman appointed B. W Hagenbuch, John Scott and Jacob Stiner. After a few words from Mr. McKillip, explaining the method of voting so as to keep out any repeaters, the vote was taken and the result was announced as follows: C. Frank Deiterick, 120; John Deily, 111; Charles Culp, 97; Theodore F. Conner, 60; and Daniel Stiner Sr., 26. The first three were declared the nominees of the caucus.

For Justice of the Peace C. W. McKelvy Jr., was given a unanimous vote as was also Jas. C. Brown for school director.

Joseph L. Townsend and Chas. H. Kline were nominated for Town Auditors and Eugene Whitenight for constable, after which a motion was made and carried empowering the president and secretaries of the meeting to fill any vacancies that may occur on the ticket. This concluded the business of the caucus proper, and the representations of the four election districts were assigned to the different corners of the room, where they made the following nominations:

First District—Judge of Election, John Scott; inspector, F. B. Rupert; registry assessor, Edward Myers.

Second District—Judge of election, Joseph Garrison; inspector, C. T. Hendershott; registry assessor, Robert Morris.

Third District—Judge of election, William Webb; Inspector, Roy Ralston; registry assessor, Calvin Girton.

Fourth District—Judge of election, Daniel Stiner; inspector, Edward Gearinger; registry assessor, Wilbur Fisher.

Bear in mind the Wheelmen's big minstrels which, if plans don't miscarry, will be given the latter part of February. The performance will be superior to that of last season in some respects, and the stage setting which will be new and novel, will also be the finest ever seen in the local playhouse.

"IF YOU WOULD BE WEALTHY, THINK OF SAVING AS WELL AS GETTING." Ben Franklin.

It is easier to get *FIVE* dollars than save *ONE*, but wealth without Saving is impossible. Learning to spend less is more important than learning to earn more. Start now if only with one dollar, and watch it grow in the

Bloomsburg National Bank

A Sound, Conservative, Safe Institution.

A. Z. SCHOCH, President. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier.

DR. DARLINGTON ELECTED BISHOP.

Brooklyn Divine Chosen Head of Diocese on Thirteenth Ballot.

Will be Notified Tuesday.

Rev. James Henry Darlington, D. D., rector of Christ Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., was elected to be the first bishop of the Harrisburg diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in yesterday afternoon's session of the convention at Harrisburg which began Tuesday night at St. Stephen's.

The balloting began yesterday morning upon the six candidates who had been nominated and a deadlock continued through twelve ballots and was broken on the thirteenth after a strong appeal by C. LeRue Munson, of Williamsport, for a unity of sentiment between the clerical and lay deputations. laymen from the first gave a majority for Dr. Darlington, while the clergy could not agree on a candidate, Dr. Darlington and Rev. Paul Matthews, dean of St. Paul's Cathedral, Cincinnati, being the favorites.

The other four candidates were: Rev. Frederick F. Reese, D. D., rector of Christ Church, Nashville, Tenn; Rev. Charles F. Williams, D. D., dean of Trinity Cathedral, Cleveland; Rev. William Frederick Faber, rector of Grace Church, Lockport, N. Y.; Rev. William H. Van Allen, D. D., rector of the Church of the Advent, Boston, Mass.

The thirteenth ballot was taken and 28 clergy out of 43 voted for Dr. Darlington, while 73 out of 98 of the lay delegates were for him. He was declared elected and upon motion of Rev. William Dorwart, of Newport, the election was made unanimous. The convention then with one accord arose and heartily sang Gloria In Excelsis.

The delegates then signed the testimonials of election, and by motion the president of the convention, Archdeacon Baker, was authorized to appoint two clergymen and two laymen as a committee to notify Dr. Darlington of his election, the standing committee to defray the expenses.

The appointments were made as follows: Rev. Dr. W. R. Breed, St. James, Lancaster; Rev. Charles Morison, St. Matthews, Sunbury; A. P. Perley, Christ Church, Williamsport; George S. Comstock, St. Luke's, Mechanicsburg. They decided to call on Bishop-elect Darlington Tuesday at his home in Brooklyn. Delegates said that there is reasonable assurance that Dr. Darlington will accept.

Dr. Darlington, first Episcopal bishop of Harrisburg, is a native of Brooklyn, where he is rector of Christ Cathedral and very prominent in civic and church life. He was born 48 years ago and graduated from the University of the City of New York in 1877, taking his degree of philosophical doctor at Princeton in 1884. In 1899 his alma mater conferred upon him the honorary degree of doctor of divinity. In 1880 he became assistant rector of Christ Cathedral and in 1882 was ordained priest and deacon by Bishop Littlejohn. His talents were speedily recognized, for in 1883 he was called to be rector of the cathedral. He was archdeacon of Brooklyn from 1895 until 1898 and served on many church boards. Dr. Darlington is a noted church worker and a splendid type of citizen. He has taken an active interest in the religious and public life of his home city and ranks high among the clergy of that famous city of churches. As a speaker he is widely known and has written a volume of verses for children. He is also editor of the Hymnal of the Church.

Rev. Dr. Darlington said last night that he had just received word of his election as bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Harrisburg, Pa. He would give the matter careful consideration, he added, and make known his decision later.

A Bargain in Carpenter Aprons.

Worth 30 cents

Now 23 cents.

FOR SALE BY

J. G. Wells,

General Hardware

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WEDDING BELLS AT BENTON.

Harvey Belles and Miss Reba McHenry, Principals in Pretty Nuptial Event.

MANY GUESTS PRESENT.

Tuesday evening a gay company assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McHenry at Benton, to witness the nuptials of their daughter, Miss Reba and Mr. Harvey Belles. The wedding was one of the prettiest that has been seen in Benton in many a day. The white mantle which covered the earth and the chill north west wind, made the scene in the prettily decorated and brilliantly lit parlor, and the following reception which was tendered the bride and groom, all the more enjoyable by contrast. The couple were attended by Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McHenry of Bloomsburg, and Miss Nellie Krum, of Bloomsburg, played the wedding march. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. V. Frisbie, of Orangeville.

Following the ceremony, and while the reception and supper was going on, an orchestra under the direction of Harry Sutton, discoursed sweet music, which imparted an added charm to the happy event.

Present at the reception were the following: Mr. and Mrs. John G. McHenry, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Long, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kingsley, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Kessler, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Umbewust, Mr. and Mrs. Russel Karns, Mrs. Coriene Stormont, Misses Erma Hess, Leona Stiles, Vida Bellas, Della Dodson, Messrs. Marshal Albertson, Harry Sutton, C. I. Chambers.

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OUR HATS IN SPRING SHAPES ARE IN

We have all the new colors and styles.

The Broadway Special at $3.00 is the best on the market.

BEN GIDDING

Corner Main and Center Sts.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

FEBRUARY SALE OF

Carpets and Furniture.

Quality is just as important as price. Poorly made Furniture is dear at any price. We only sell such goods as we can guarantee, and you'll often find that our prices for this good kind are lower than some stores ask for the low grade kind that soon falls to pieces.

During February we will give a

Discount of 10%.

on all Furniture.

- - CARPETS - -

On carpets we will show you greater values than ever. You will have an opportunity to get good choice designs at low prices. It will pay you to watch this sale even if you do not use them until April.

A Discount of 10%

on all Carpets During February.

THE LEADER STORE CO., LTD.

4TH AND MARKET STREETS.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

CIVIL WAR EXISTS

Polish Capital In a State of Anarchy.

GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR TALKS

"Army Is Ready, as I Am, to Die For the Czar."

EMSKYZABOR MAY BE GRANTED

Situation Throughout Poland Increasingly Serious—Warsaw Streets Barricaded—Continued Riots and Street Fighting—American Consul Wires Mobs Pillaging Stores—General Strike On—Three Hundred Dead.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 1.—The latest reports from Warsaw depict the situation throughout Poland as increasingly serious.

A condition of civil war exists in the Polish capital. The rebels have erected barricades. Hundreds of shops have been plundered. The rebels wrecked the telephone exchange, poured tons of petroleum in the streets and have set fire to it, and it is said complete anarchy prevails.

A woman posted on the balcony of her house picked off the Cossacks who were trying to drive the strikers from the streets. A Cossack finally shot the woman, but his own life paid the pen-

GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR.

alty. The mob fell upon him, dragged him from his horse and beat and kicked him to death. Fighting around the barricades continued during the night.

In one section the rebels are masters of the situation. The police have fled. Huge placards have been posted announcing the establishment of a revolutionary municipal regime.

Minor collisions between the troops and police and the populace continue to swell the number of dead.

Trade and industry are completely at a standstill, and the presence of thousands of idle workmen, who have been out of employment for months and are starving and desperate, adds a factor of the greatest danger, which is not present to the same extent in St. Petersburg, where the government orders for war purposes have kept the factories busy.

At St. Petersburg last night the police surprised a meeting of strikers in a tavern and fired, killing a girl and wounding four persons.

It is said that the responsibility for the insertion of grape in front of the saluting charge, when grapeshots were fired at the czar, has been fixed upon Bogdanoff, a private of the Seventeenth battery of the First horse artillery of the guards, who was serving the gun. Bogdanoff, it is said, is a former student and a member of a revolutionary association.

The American vice consul at Warsaw, Witold Fouchas, telegraphs that many stores, chiefly Russian, have been pillaged by mobs and that the shops and factories without exception are closed. A general strike is in effect. Those who are not willing to walk out are compelled to join the strike by threats. Mr. Fouchas saw no improvement in the situation and reported the receipt of bad news from Lodz and Radom.

It is conservatively estimated that the number of killed or wounded at Warsaw is about 300.

The rioting in Poland will largely affect the economic situation. The factories at Warsaw, Lodz, Petrokoff and other industrial centers in Poland have been compelled to gradually reduce their output and decrease their working forces since the outbreak of the war, which has almost entirely closed the Siberian and Manchurian markets.

The result has been that thousands of workmen have been thrown out of employment for many months past, furnishing a horde of hungry, dissatisfied, desperate men, among whom the news from St. Petersburg produced an outburst of a riotous and incendiary spirit. It is feared that a large proportion of these thousands may be utilized by the revolutionary organizations in Poland, which is the hotbed of Socialism.

At St. Petersburg Grand Duke Vladimir, uncle of Emperor Nicholas and commander of the imperial guard, granted an interview this morning at the duke's palace in Quay de la Cour, adjoining the Winter palace. A correspondent was received in the grand duke's private study, into which he was ushered by the grand duke's aide-de-camp, Prince Belaselsky.

"You must remember," said the grand duke in French (for, while he knows English perfectly, he prefers the Gallic tongue to any except his own), "you must remember I am a grand duke and a subject of the emperor. As such I am extremely loyal to him, and I am a Russian from the crown of my head to the tip of my toes," accompanying the words with a sweeping gesture. "What information can I give you?"

"The newspapers abroad," suggested the correspondent, "have made many statements regarding the events of Jan. 22."

"I know. I have read accounts in the foreign press. I have stood aghast at the frightful stories of the butchery of innocent people which they have printed. I know they say well intentioned patriots, with a priest at their head, coming peacefully to place their grievances before his majesty, were ruthlessly shot down in the streets, but we know that behind this peaceful procession was an anarchistic and Socialistic plot of which the overwhelming majority of the workmen were merely innocent tools. We know from examination of the dead and those arrested that some alleged priests were actually revolutionary agitators and students in disguise. We had to save the city from a mob. Unfortunately, to do so innocent and guilty suffered alike. But suppose 140,000 men had reached the gates of the Winter palace. They would have sacked it as the mob sacked Versailles. From the palace they would have gone elsewhere, and the whole city would have been delivered over to anarchy, riot, bloodshed and flames. Our duty was the duty of every government.

"The same situation has confronted cities in other countries. Why, because this occurred in Russia, should the whole world point the finger of scorn at us? In the midst of our difficulties, why should we be turned upon? Why should America especially misinterpret and think ill of us? We have always been friends—friends of a century, friends when America needed friends. I remember when America was our great friend. Why has all this changed? What has Russia done to deserve it? What has Russia done to America? Why should the foreign press, especially that of Great Britain, not hesitate before any calumny? No invention seems too horrible for them to print. They do not explain that on Saturday every dead wall in St. Petersburg was placarded with warnings to the people not to assemble. No, but they tell that thousands of innocent people were killed and other thousands wounded and paint the streets as running red with blood. They even say the dead were pushed under the ice of the Neva at night. It is infamous. They say nothing of isolated officers set upon by mobs in the streets and hammered into insensibility or of policemen killed or wounded. As a matter of fact, complete returns show that exactly 126 are dead. Several hundred were wounded. I can't give the precise figure of the wounded, but you shall have an opportunity to see the full reports."

"They say that Gorky will be hanged," suggested the correspondent.

"Nonsense!" replied the grand duke.

"It is asserted that some of the troops refused to obey commands," was the next suggestion.

"There is no question of the loyalty of the troops," asserted the grand duke. "They did their duty. They are ready, as I am ready, to die in the streets for the emperor.

"People speak of a constitution," said the grand duke. "A constitution would mean the end of Russia, as the state would be gone, anarchy would supervene, and when it ended the empire would be disintegrated. Finland, Poland and perhaps other frontier provinces would have broken away. Russia is not ripe for a constitution. Go out among the peasants, who comprise the vast bulk of the empire's population, and try to explain to them government by suffrage. The peasant knows nothing of government. He does not even know what the word means. He knows his emperor—for him the emperor is everything. Give the peasant a vote and all would be anarchy. Still there is necessity for reforms, and they will be granted by the autocracy."

"Maintaining the principles of autocracy, then, the people will have an opportunity to be heard in the government?" questioned the correspondent.

"Yes," was the reply, "they can, and I am sure they will be given a voice. Of that I am certain," and he repeated the words emphatically, "I am certain," and continued even more deliberately, "They will be given the means of presenting their needs and grievances direct to the sovereign."

With these significant words, foreshadowing perhaps the immediate granting of something in the nature of the zemskyzabor (land parliament), the heir presumptive to the throne of the Romanoffs ended the interview. He then turned to Prince Belaselsky, instructing him to give the correspondent every facility for independent investigation.

A dispatch from Breslau says that a general strike is expected in the industrial towns of Russian Poland. Shippers in Sosnowitz have sent out circulars warning against sending goods to Warsaw or Lodz.

A press dispatch from Lodz, the greatest manufacturing center of west Russia, says the town looks like a besieged fortress. Soldiers in detachments of fifty are patrolling the streets to preserve order. All the stores are closed and their windows boarded up. Hundreds of people are waiting before the bakeries for bread.

At Grodno there have been disturbances, in consequence of which troops were called out. A mob of 2,000 strikers destroyed the postoffice and telegraph lines and looted the wine shops.

TWELVE WIVES DEAD

Chicago Police Charge Many Murders to Hoch.

"BLUEBEARD" WEDDED OVER TWENTY

Prisoner Captured by New York Police Takes Matters Coolly—Figured In Minneapolis as Dr. Hart and Married Girl There.

CHICAGO, Feb. 1.—Chief of Police O'Neill has declared his belief that Johann Adolph Hoch, alleged to have been married to more than a score of women, has murdered at least twelve of them.

This statement was made by the chief in a letter written by him to Captain James J. Langan of the detective bureau of New York, in which he requested the police department of that city to follow a clew given through an anonymous letter received by Inspector of Police Shippy from a woman living at the Belvedere hotel, New York.

In this letter it is intimated that Hoch married two New York women, whom he has abandoned. An attempt was made to have Hoch indicted by the grand jury on charges of wife abandonment and bigamy. The complainants were Mrs. Amelia Augusta Fischer-Hoch, Mrs. Anna Hendrickson-Hoch and Mrs. Marie Goerk-Hoch. It was found, however, that in bigamy cases the wife cannot testify against the husband and that witnesses to the marriages must be secured before action can be taken. As the marriages took place in various parts of the country, time will be required in which to secure witnesses to give testimony against Hoch sufficient to indict him.

At Minneapolis, Minn., it is said, Hoch attempted to murder Mrs. Mabel Leichsman-Hart in June, 1903. Dr. G. L. Hart, who called Milwaukee, Wis., his home, married Miss Leichsman of the Dewey theater, in that city, during the first week in June, 1903. Three days after, while they occupied quarters in the Allen hotel, he is alleged to have tried to chloroform her as she lay in bed. The attempt was unsuccessful, and Hart disappeared. Indications are now that Hart and Hoch are identical.

The prisoner, John Joseph Adolph Hoch, now held in New York, if reports are true, had eighteen wives, nine of whom died suspiciously. He was arraigned there yesterday and remanded until Feb. 2 as a fugitive from justice. He joked in court and said laughingly, "Wait till I get to Chicago and it will be different."

When asked as to why he thought he had been arrested he replied:

"I suppose it is on account of selling some mortgaged property in Chicago, that is all. I'm not afraid to go back there at any time, and when I do this whole matter will be cleared away."

Hoch was brought down to police headquarters and kept there while the police attempted to get a confession out of him. But Hoch was not nearly as talkative about his past life as he is said to have been to the widow, Mrs. Catharine Kimmerle, whom he desired, according to her story, to add to his number of wives.

"I never had but two wives," he said. "One is living and one was May Fischer, who died recently. But I had nothing to do with her death. I am a much abused man and am standing as scapegoat for another man. I am willing to go back to Chicago and face a trial."

"This circular," said Detective Fogarty, "says you had other wives when you married May Fischer and that you are guilty of bigamy."

"I only had one other wife," said Hoch.

Hoch's characteristic of proposing to every unattached woman he met resulted in his capture by the New York police.

Coroner Hoffman here has reported that traces of poison have been found in the stomach of Mrs. Marie Walcker-Hoch through the chemical analysis.

Verdict Favored Bootblack.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 1.—A bootblack stand is not a place of public accommodation, according to a decision of the court of appeals in the action of George W. Burks against Paul Bosso, both of Rochester. Bosso refused to shine the shoes of Burks, who is a negro, and Burks brought an action to recover $500 for violation of the law.

British Steamer Wrecked.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 1.—The British steamer Alba, Captain Cox, from Newport News for Amsterdam, is ashore at Zandvoort, near Haarlem, on the North sea, and will be a total loss. Twelve members of her crew have been got ashore, but twenty-five are still on board. Lifeboats are in attendance.

Mrs. Gilbert Left $10,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1.—The will of Mrs. Anne Jane Gilbert, the aged actress who ended her long career by starring in "Granny" up to a few days before her death, which occurred in Chicago on Dec. 2, was filed in the surrogate's court. Mrs. Gilbert left $10,000 personal property.

Tried to Bribe Councilmen.

TAUNTON, Mass., Feb. 1.—William H. Greeley was arrested on a warrant charging him with bribery in connection with the recent municipal election. It is alleged that Greeley offered money to certain councilmen if they would vote for a certain candidate for city treasurer.

President Gives to Hanna Chair.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—It was announced that President Roosevelt has made a substantial contribution to the Hanna Memorial Chair association, which was organized for the purpose of establishing a chair at the Western Reserve university in Cleveland.

IN CONGRESS.

Treatment of Jefferson Davis by Miles Recalled.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.—The treatment by General Nelson A. Miles of Jefferson Davis, president of the Confederacy, during the time he was a prisoner at Fortress Monroe, Virginia, was recalled in the house when Mr. Williams (Miss.), the minority leader, tried to secure the adoption of the senate amendment to the house provision regarding retired officers serving with the state militia.

Messrs. Hull (Ia.) and Hay (Va.), both members of the military affairs committee, indorsed the house provision making it retroactive. The latter declared it was Democratic doctrine to save money and for that reason called upon the Democrats to stand by the committee.

It was at this juncture that Mr. Williams arose and spoke of the action of General Miles in placing shackles on the ankles of Jefferson Davis. He stated, he said, the opinion of southern men as to that, but he did not think it was the time, the place nor the way to get even. Mr. Williams' motion to agree to the senate amendment, which does not make the law concerning retired officers retroactive, was lost—71 to 171. The bill then was sent to conference.

FOUR RECORDS SMASHED.

Paul Sartori, In Vanderbilt Car, Won Fifty Mile Event.

DAYTONA, Fla., Feb. 1.—Four world's records were broken here in the automobile races on the Ormond-Daytona course.

The first was in the fifty mile Daytona handicap, won by Paul Sartori, driving Alfred G. Vanderbilt's ninety horsepower Fiat, who went the distance in 40 minutes 20 seconds. The best time was made by H. W. Fletcher in O. F. Thomas' eighty horsepower car, who covered the distance in 38 minutes 51 seconds. He did not win the race, being scratch man, but he established a world's record. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., held the previous record at 40 minutes 49 4-5 seconds.

The second was in the final for the Miller ten mile trophy, which was won by Arthur MacDonald in a ninety horsepower Napier in 6 minutes 15 seconds. The previous record was 6 minutes 31 4-5 seconds, made last Saturday by E. R. Thomas.

In the twenty mile open race for the E. R. Thomas trophy Arthur MacDonald, in a ninety horsepower Napier, beat W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.'s, record of 17 minutes 2 seconds. He went the distance in 15 minutes 23 seconds.

H. L. Bowden in an attempt to beat the world's record covered a mile in 32 4-5 seconds, cutting down his previous record of 34 1-5 seconds.

The fifty mile Daytona handicap was the chief event. There was much trouble for the contestants, and only four of the ten cars that started crossed the finish line. Guy Vaughan and E. R. Thomas were forced out by clutch difficulties, Arthur MacDonald had a gear wheel drop out, and Walter Christie and William Wallace came to grief in the controls.

Baywood Won In Runaway Race.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 1.—Baywood, who outbroke his field and made a runaway race of the first event on the card, and Rapid Water, who far outclassed his company and won pulled up, were the only successful favorites here. Favonius took the second race solely through Dominick's careful handling. Had Viperine, favorite in the third, been as well ridden she might have won. The fifth race fell to a long shot, Charlie Dickson. He was in company with the favorite, Arch Oldham, from the start, caught him tiring at the end and won cleverly.

Emperor of India at Ascot.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 1.—Emperor of India ran in his best form at Ascot park, winning the mile and seventy yards event in 1:44 from Waswift and Arabo. There were but three starters. Emperor of India was the most popular victor of the day. Wee Girl, the two-year-old, had no trouble in beating her field with 115 pounds up in 0:48½ for the half mile.

Sais Won Oakland Handicap.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 1.—The handicap at Oakland resulted in an exciting finish. It was a close race between Sais, Venator and Ishlana up to twenty yards from the finish. Knapp, who rode Sais, lifted his mount in and won by a short head from Venator. In a few more jumps Ishlana's number would have been hung up.

Memphian Came Home In Front.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Feb. 1.—With the track at Essex park four or five seconds slow, the bettors made but a poor showing at picking winners here. Memphian, at 7 to 5, was the only true favorite to come home in front, although Rosecourt and Annie Chapman, at 9 to 5 and 2 to 1 respectively, were well played.

Mrs. Patrick Campbell Recovered.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1.—Mrs. Patrick Campbell, the English actress, who has been a patient at the University hospital since the night of Jan. 2, when she injured her knee cap by slipping on the step of her carriage, left the hospital late yesterday. She is now at the home of Mrs. Spencer Ervin, a close personal friend, where she will remain temporarily. The wound in her knee is said to have completely healed.

Looks Like Bloody Snow.

ROME, Feb. 1.—The severe cold which has prevailed here has been followed by a south wind from the Sahara, carrying red dust from the desert which, mixed with snow falling in various parts of southern Italy, gives the appearance of a fall of bloody snow.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

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ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

Two Doors Above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

Where He Saw Her.

"Right over there," said th' man who was drivin' me about to let me see th' town, "is a woman who won't flirt, won't pretend to be embarrassed when you flatter her, won't holler if a mouse goes near her, don't allus save her pennies to give to car conductors, so's to see if they'll git mad, don't talk at breakfast while her husband tries to read th' mornin' paper, don't worry about her next-door-neighbor's hats, don't flare up at th' placid cook an' then fire her for bein' too hot-tempered, don't make her husband git up an' look for burglars because th' wind has slammed a shutter tight, don't—" I looked over where he was a-pointin' to an' saw a nice, neat cemetery.—*Ex.*

To get just what we ask for
May sometimes make us sore,
And we may kick ourselves because
We didn't ask for more.

A puny child is always an anxiety to the parents. There seems generally no reason why the little one should be weak when it is so well fed. But the fact is that it does not matter how much food the child takes if the stomach cannot extract the nourishment from it. No benefit can be derived from just eating. That is the condition of many a sickly child. The stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition are not doing their work, and the body is really starving. It is little use to give fish foods, like cod liver oil or emulsions, in such a case, because these also have to be digested; they may lighten the stomach's labor but they don't strengthen it. Strength is what the stomach needs. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery strengthens the stomach, nourishes the nerves and increases the action of the blood making glands. It is superior to every other preparation for children's use, on account of its body building qualities, and also because it is pleasant to the taste and contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a valuable aid when the bowels are irregular. They are small. Children take them readily.

"I am sorry to say I cannot pay your bill this week," remarked the hardpressed housewife. "That's all right," said the milkman, who was an unconscious humorist. "I'll just chalk it up for you."

HUMPHREYS'

Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES } SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES } SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES } WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES } COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES } COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES } KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES } SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES } BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

BOOK MAILED FREE.

Recovered Speech and Hearing.

MESSRS. ELY BROS.:—I commenced using your Cream Balm about two years ago for catarrh. My voice was somewhat thick and my hearing was dull. My hearing has been fully restored and my speech has become quite clear. I am a teacher in our town.
L. G. BROWN, Granger, O.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York.

Sillicus—"I haven't an enemy in the world." Cynicus—"Neither has a jellyfish."

If the Blood Pump of the human system, is out of order the nerves are starved for want of blood, and indigestion, sleeplessness, sick headache, lack of vigor and nervousness are the result. Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure relieves heart disease in 30 minutes, cures and strengthens the organ so that rich blood courses through the veins and health reigns where disease was supreme.—25
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

Even the fellow who is hot-headed may get cold feet.

When Baby had Scald Head—When Mother had Salt Rheum—When Father had Piles.—Dr. Agnew's Ointment gave the quickest relief and surest cure. These are gems of truth picked from testimony which is given every day to this greatest of healers. It has never been matched in curative qualities in Eczema, Tetter, Piles, etc. 35 cents.—26
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The owl is really a pessimist. He looks on the dark side and hoots at everything.

Like Tearing the Heart Strings.—"It is not within the conception of man to measure my great sufferings from heart disease. For years I endured almost constant cutting and tearing pains about my heart, and many a time would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart has worked a veritable miracle."—Thos. Hicks, Perth, Ont.—27
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

The naked truth sometimes makes us shiver.

Not a Quarter—But 10 cents, and 40 doses, in a vial of Dr. Agnew's Little Pills. No pain, pleasure in every dose—little, but awfully good. Cure sick Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Nausea, Sallowness.—28
Sold by C. A. Kleim.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICE.

Butter,	per pound	$ 26
Eggs,	per dozen	30
Lard,	per pound	11
Ham,	per pound	15
Beef, (quarter)	per pound	6 to 8
Wheat,	per bushel	1 30
Oats,	do	40
Rye,	do	60
Flour	per barrel	6 20
Hay,	per ton	15 00
Potatoes,	per bushel	50
Turnips,	per bushel	40
Tallow,	per pound	06
Shoulder,	per pound	12
Bacon,	per pound	16
Vinegar,	per quart	07
Dried apples,	per pound	07
Cow hides	do	3½
Steer hides	do	05
Calf skin		80
Sheep pelts		75
Shelled corn,	per bushel	80
Corn meal	cwt	2 00
Bran,	cwt	1 30
Chop,	cwt	1 50
Middlings,	cwt	1 40
Chickens, spring,	per pound	12½
Chickens old,	do	12
Turkeys,	per pound	18
Geese,	do	11
Ducks,	do	15

COAL.

Number 6, delivered	5 50
Number 4 and 5 do	4 25

STOP THAT COUGH

with **JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.**

An almost infallible remedy.

HOUSEHOLD INDIVIDUALITY.

Delightful Effects Secured By Exercising Good Taste.

Here is a description of two rooms, which, if carried out on ever so small a scale, will prove a strong vindication of the advantage of individuality.

The first room is too elegant for the average purse, but its rare and exquisite color combinations can but suggest ideas for the furnishing of a simple, inexpensive room. The side wall of this room—designed to be used as a reception-room—are paneled, the panels in very delicate shades of green and lavender alternately. These panels are outlined in white applique.

The ceiling and deep cornice are white. The woodwork also is white, with enamel finish. The floor, handsomely inlaid in hardwood, has one large rug of delicate green velvet, a plain center, with borders in stripes. At the windows are beautiful inside curtains of Battenberg lace, and over these are dark purple velvet curtains, falling straight to the floor on either side. The portieres also are of purple velvet. Both curtains and portieres have borders of dull copper silk braid in design.

The chandeliers and side-light fixtures are in brass. A table and a few brass chairs, upholstered in delicate silk of French design, compose the furnishings.

In contrast to this delicate room is the second one—a study in dark brown and green, with a touch of dull yellow. Of course, this color scheme ought to be used only in rooms with sunny exposure. The resourceful woman who designed the room found waiting for her hand some dark brown woodwork, enlivened with a sort of graining in imitation of oak. Money was lacking, so this determined little woman lay awake several nights concocting schemes for making that horrid paint conform to her pretty furnishings, and at the same time bend to her purpose to have a beautiful tasteful room.

The scheme evolved was most satisfactory to her and to her friends. First, she had a wide shelf (five inches), with a cove underneath, placed all around the wall at a point only a few inches above the half-way mark. The room was high and could bear this treatment. The shelf was painted a dark brown to match the wood-work.

The ceiling and side walls, down to the shelf, were papered in rich, dark green ingrain, which was an exact imitation of black walnut.

The floor was painted dark brown, and the nine-by-twelve rug, made of strips of Axminster carpet sewed together, was of the same shade.

For furniture she used a massive weathered oak table (round and perfectly plain) and a few chairs, upholstered in Spanish leather, with a suggestion of dull yellow in its shading.

A Ben Franklin Story.

When Benjamin Franklin was on his famous mission in Paris he and and Silas Deane were one day discussing the numerous errors they found in the Abbe Raynal's "Histoire des Deux Indes," when the author of that work happened to come in upon them. They told the good man the subject of their conversation and the abbe immediately denied that there were any errors in his history.

His attention was called to the story of a certain Polly Baker and an eloquent address which the abbe credited her with making before a Massachuetts court. The abbe insisted that it was a true story, but admitted that he could not remember his authority for it. Dr. Franklin was shaking with laughter during the protestations of the learned Frenchman.

At last he said: "I will tell you, abbe the origin of that story. When I was a printer and editor of a newspaper we were sometimes slack of news, and to amuse our customers I used to fill up our vacant columns with anecdotes and fables and fancies of my own, and this tale of Polly Baker is one of my making."

A New Decoy Duck.

A decoy duck that will flap its wings and rise from the water has been put on the market. The decoy is mounted on a rod which fits into a tube whereby the decoy may be anchored. The decoy is connected with a cord to the shore or wherever the hunter is and when the latter pulls the bird moves.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address:

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Tired Nervous

When you feel languid, tired, nervous and irritable, your vitality is low—your supply of nerve energy exhausted, and your system running down for lack of power,

The organs of the body are working poorly, or not at all, and you are not getting the nourishment needed. This soon impoverishes the blood and instead of throwing off the impurities, distributes it all through the body. This brings disease and misery.

Feed the nerves with Dr. Miles' Nervine, a nerve food, a nerve medicine, that nourishes and strengthens the nerves, and see how quickly you will get strong and vigorous.

"My wife suffered with nervousness previous to a recent attack of typhoid fever, but after her recovery from the fever, she was much worse, and could hardly control herself being exceedingly nervous when the least excited. She was very restless at night, and never had a good night's rest. She also suffered much from nervous headache. Dr. Miles' Nervine was recommended by a friend. After the first three doses she had a good night's rest, and at the end of the first week's treatment she was wonderfully improved. Continued use of Nervine has completed her entire cure."

OTTO KOLB.
1021 Cherry St., Evansville, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

BABY SUPERSTITIONS

Queer Beliefs of Mothers in All Quarters of the World.

All the world over the mother has queer superstitions about her baby. Here are some of the queerest of them from the four corners of the earth.

In Roumania the infant's ankle is bound up with a red ribbon immediately after birth to ward off the evil spirits.

In Ireland, for the same reason, a strand of woman's hair is placed in the cradle.

In the West Indies the negroes follow the same customs as the women in Roumania but their ribbon is blue instead of red. If they have no ribbon they make a mark with washing blue upon the child.

In Russia there is a superstition that a baby and a kitten cannot thrive in the same house. One is sure to pine away and die, so pussy is always driven away as soon as a baby comes.

Most English women think it is extremely unlucky to carry a baby downstairs before it has journeyed upward. If the baby is born on an upper floor and there are no stairs to climb, the mother must hold her darling high up in the air, standing upon a chair or table and only then can it be taken downstairs in safety. This superstition is also common in France and Germany, and even in some parts of this country.

Another English superstition is that the baby who does not cry when it is christened will have bad luck all through life. If the infant insists on being good, the mother pinches it to make the cry come.

In Spain the women say that a baby under a year old should not be allowed to look in a mirror; otherwise, it will grow up proud and haughty.

Most mothers are very much alarmed when their babies fall out of bed or off their laps, but in India the women think it is an excellent omen. In Ireland there is a similar superstition which says that unless the baby falls out of bed four times before it is a year old it will be a hopeless idiot.

Novelties in Metal and Wood.

Folks who are on the lookout for new things pertaining to the household will find much to interest them. The general demand for novelties stimulates the inventors, designers and manufacturers with results that in many instances are very gratifying to the seeker for the latest decorative and useful productions.

Royal copper and silver have the preference this season in metals, the former showing a peculiarly bright luster. The combination is delightfully represented in vases and loving cups, two examples of which are shown in the accompanying group. The mounting of silver presents an effective contrast to the reddish gleam of the copper and these ornaments, being new, are likely to receive much attention from the admirers of artistic metal work.

The cigar case shows how copper mounting is utilized to impart a decorative note to an unpretentious box and the blotter with its mounting of royal copper is the latest thing in desk accessories.

A fern dish or jardiniere of weathered oak is in keeping with the fancy that has developed of late for furniture of this dark wood, both in the mission style and more ornate designs. The mounting of silver relieves the excessive plainness of the fern holder and for a library or an apartment where dark oak furniture predominates this jardiniere would make a most harmonious addition.

There are clocks galore, stain and ornate, for special apartments and general use, but the most distinctive of late designs is the one here shown in weathered oak. The dial is an uncommon one, the hours being indicated by playing cards, while poker chips constitute the central decoration. In a den or card room such a clock would fit in admirably, the simplicity of the casing and its dark coloring adding to its appropriateness. Clocks such as these are not to be had for a song, and therefore are not likely to become very common.

Be sure that this picture is the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne
Chemists
409-415 Pearl Street
New York

50c. and $1.00
All Druggists

Send for free sample.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Wearing Imitation Jewelry.

It is not unusual for the woman who likes to make a display of jewelry to have the real gems removed from their setting and fine imitations substituted. These are worn during the summer, and even her best friends—or enemies—cannot detect the difference, but recognize only the famous fashion of the setting.

New York and the Presidency.

Thus far New York has contributed only three Presidents by election—Van Buren, Cleveland, Roosevelt. New York has contributed nine Vice-Presidents, however — Burr, Clinton, Tompkins, Van Buren, Fillmore, Wheeler, Arthur, Morton and Roosevelt. Van Buren went to the Presidency by election immediately afterward, and Fillmore, Arthur and Roosevelt attained that office through the death of the elected incumbent.

The Republican party has taken but one Presidential Candidate from New York but has taken five of its Vice-Presidential nominees—Wheeler, Arthur, Morton, Whitelaw Reid and Roosevelt—from this State.

The Republicans have carried New York for President nine times—in 1856, 1860, 1864, 1872, 1880, 1896, and 1904—and have lost it four times—in 1868, 1876, 1884 and 1892.

In every Presidential election beginning with that of 1812 New York has been preponderant among all of the States in the Electoral College. In every one of the twenty-nine elections for President thus far held, the side which New York took turned out to be the winning side except in four instances—in 1812, when it went to De Witt Clinton; in 1856, when it was carried by Seymour, and in 1876, when Tilden got its electoral votes.—Leslie's Weekly.

For Thin Babies

Fat is of great account to a baby; that is why babies are fat. If your baby is scrawny, Scott's Emulsion is what he wants. The healthy baby stores as fat what it does not need immediately for bone and muscle. Fat babies are happy; they do not cry; their fat is laid up for time of need. They are happy because they are comfortable. The fat surrounds their little nerves and cushions them. When they are scrawny those nerves are hurt at every ungentle touch. They delight in Scott's Emulsion. It is as sweet as wholesome to them.

MISSES' BLOUSE WAIST.

Full waists are much in vogue for young girls and are exceedingly charming both with plain skirts and with the suspender dresses that are so much worn. This one is admirable for both purposes and is suited to many materials, but is shown in embroidered challie with collar and cuffs of lace. The quantity of material required for a girl of 14 years of age is 3 1-2 yards 21 inches wide, 2 3-4 yards 27 inches wide or 1 7-8 yards 44 inches wide, with 5-8 yard of all-over lace.

Words of Wisdom.

Three things to admire: Intellect, dignity and gracefulness.

Three things to hate: Cruelty, arrogance and ingratitude.

Three things to delight in: Beauty, frankness and freedom.

Three things to like: Cordiality, good humor and cheerfulness.

Three things to avoid: Idleness, loquacity and flippant jesting.

Three things to cultivate: Good books, good friends and good manners.

Three things to contend for: Honor, country and friends.

Three things to govern: Temper, tongue and conduct.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Northumberland	10 45	10 00	1 50	15 25
Cameron	6 57	10 10	f2 01	15 34
Danville	7 07	10 19	2 11	5 43
Catawissa	7 21	10 32	2 23	5 56
Rupert	7 26	10 37	2 29	6 01
Bloomsburg	7 33	10 41	2 33	6 05
Espy	7 38	10 48	2 40	6 13
Lime Ridge	7 44	[illegible]	2 46	6 20
Willow Grove	7 48	10 57	2 50	6 24
Briarcreek	7 52	10 59	f2 55	6 27
Berwick	7 57	11 05	2 58	6 34
Beach Haven	8 05	f11 12	3 03	6 41
Hick's Ferry	8 11	11 17	3 09	6 47
Shickshinny	8 22	11 31	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 33	11 39	3 31	f7 09
Nanticoke	8 38	11 44	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 41	11 47	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 45	11 52	3 47	7 28
Plymouth Junction	8 47	11 55	3 52	7 30
Kingston	8 55	11 59	4 00	7 38
Luzerne	8 58	12 02	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	9 02	12 04	4 07	7 44
Wyoming	9 05	12 08	4 12	7 48
West Pittston	9 10	12 12	4 17	7 54
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 14	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 17	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	12 20	4 29	8 06
Lackawanna	9 26	12 23	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	12 28	4 40	8 17
Bellevue	9 37	12 32	4 45	8 21
SCRANTON	9 42	12 35	4 50	8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 10	1 55	26 40
Bellevue	6 39	10 13	1 59	6 44
Taylor	6 44	10 17	2 03	6 49
Lackawanna	6 50	10 24	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 28	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 58	10 33	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 01	10 37	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 05	10 41	2 23	7 07
Wyoming	7 10	10 46	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	7 14	10 49	2 31	7 17
Luzerne	7 17	10 52	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 24	10 56	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	7 29	11 00	2 45	7 30
Plymouth	7 35	11 05	2 49	7 34
Avondale	7 39	11 09	2 54	7 38
Nanticoke	7 43	11 13	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 49	11 19	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	8 01	f11 31	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 11	11 43	3 30	8 08
Beach Haven	8 19	11 48	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 27	11 54	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	f8 32	12 01	3 50	8 25
Willow Grove	8 36	12 05	f3 54	8 29
Lime Ridge	8 40	12 09	3 58	8 33
Espy	8 46	12 15	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 53	12 22	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 57	12 25	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	9 02	12 32	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 15	12 44	4 33	9 10
Cameron	9 24	12 57	4 43	9 21
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 35	1 10	4 55	9 35
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.

‡ Runs daily. f Flag station.
E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1904, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	1	3	5	21
	‡	†	‡	†
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 00
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners	f9 40	f3 17	f6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	f3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	3 40	7 21	8 26
Laubachs	10 08	3 45	7 31	8 40
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	2	4	6	8	22
	†	†	‡	‡	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 36
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 13	11 53
Coles Creek	6 12	11 07	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	f6 14	f11 09	f4 56	f7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 15
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	f6 35	f11 29	5 17	f7 45	12 53
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St	7 13	12 09	5 58	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
Trains No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8, Passenger, 1st class.
W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 1, 1902, and until further notice

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:40, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00 1:40, 2:20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7.40, 8:20 9:00 9:40, 10:20 and (11:00 Saturday nights only.

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

D. G. HACKETT, Superintendent.

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:20 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12 20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG.

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.,

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.

From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	‡4:00 p. m. Exp	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	‡ 60 minutes	4:15 p. m.
10:50 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	

SUNDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY.
8:30 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		SEA ISLE.
		7:30 a m $1 Ex

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3902 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 27, 1904.

NORTHWARD.

STATIONS.	4 A. M.	30 A. M.	12 P. M	32 P. M.
Sunbury leave	$ 6 45	$ 9 55	$ 2 00	$ 5 25
Klines Grove	f 6 54	f 10 04	.....	f 5 35
Wolverton	f 6 58	f 10 06	.....	f 5 37
Kipps Run	f 7 06	f 10 11	.....	f 5 44
South Danville	7 11	10 17	2 21	5 50
Danville				
Boyd	f 7 16	f 10 21	.....	f 5 53
Roaring Creek	f 7 23	f 10 28	2 31	f 6 01
Catawissa Arrive	7 32	10 35	2 37	6 08
Catawissa Leave	$ 7 32	$ 10 35	$ 2 37	$ 6 08
East Bloomsburg	7 40	10 43	2 43	6 15
Bloomsburg				
Espy Ferry	f 7 44	f 10 47	.....	f 6 19
Stonytown Ferry	f 7 52	.....	.....	f 6 27
Creasy	7 54	10 56	2 55	6 30
Nescopeck Arrive	8 04	11 05	3 05	6 40
Berwick				
Nescopeck Leave	$ 8 04	$ 11 05	$ 3 05	$ 6 40
Wapwallopen	8 19	11 20	3 15	6 52
Pond Hill	f 8 25	f 11 25	.....	f 6 56
Moncanaqua	8 31	11 32	3 23	7 01
Sickshinny				
Retreat	8 43	11 42	3 32	7 10
Nanticoke	8 54	11 54	3 45	7 19
Buttonwood	f 9 00	f 12 00	.....	f 7 25
Plymouth Ferry	f 9 02	.....	.....	f 7 28
South Wilkesbarre	9 06	12 06	.....	7 30
Wilkesbarre Arrive	9 10	12 10	3 55	7 35
	A. M.	P. M	P. M.	P. M.

SOUTHWARD.

STATIONS.	31 A. M.	15 A. M.	1 P. M.	67 P. M.
Wilkesbarre Leave	$ 7 15	$ 10 35	$ 2 45	$ 6 00
South Wilkesbarre	7 20	.....	2 50	6 05
Plymouth Ferry	f 7 22	.....	.....	f 6 07
Buttonwood	f 7 24	.....	f 2 54	f 6 09
Nanticoke	7 31	10 50	3 02	6 17
Retreat	7 39	10 58	3 11	6 26
Shickshinny	7 48	11 07	3 21	6 37
Mocanaqua				
Pond Hill	f 7 53	.....	f 3 27	f 6 42
Wapwallopen	7 58	11 16	3 32	6 47
Nescopeck Arrive	8 09	11 26	3 42	7 00
Berwick Leave	$ 8 09	$ 11 26	$ 3 42	$ 7 00
Nescopeck Leave				
Creasy	8 18	11 35	3 53	7 09
Stonytown Ferry	f 8 21	.....	.....	f 7 12
Espy Ferry	8 29	.....	f 4 03	f 7 20
Bloomsburg	8 34	11 47	4 07	7 25
East Bloomsburg				
Catawissa Arrive	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Catawissa Leave	8 40	11 53	4 13	7 32
Roaring Creek	f 8 48	f 12 00	f 4 19	f 7 39
Boyd	f 8 55	.....	f 4 26	f 7 46
Danville	9 00	12 10	4 31	7 51
South Danville				
Kipps Run	f 9 06	.....	f 4 35	f 7 56
Wolverton	f 9 12	.....	f 4 42	f 8 03
Klines Grove	f 9 15	.....	f 4 45	f 8 06
Sunbury Arrive	$ 9 25	$ 12 30	$ 4 55	$ 8 15
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

‡ Daily. $ Daily, except Sunday. "f" Stops only on signal notice to Agent, or Conductor to receive or discharge passengers.

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For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7.40 and 10:43 a. m., 2.43 and 6.15 p. m. week days; 10.43 a. m. Sundays.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7.40 a. m. and 4.18 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7.40 and 10.43 a. m ,4.18 and 6.15 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renova and Kane, 11.47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8.34 a. m. and 4.07 p. m. week days; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8.34 a. m. and 7.25 p. m. week days.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.34 and 11 47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8.34 and 11.47 a. m., 4.07 and 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8.34 a. m. 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. daily; via Lewistown Judction, 8.34 and 11.47 a. m. week days; via Lock Haven, 8.34 and 11.47 a m. week days.

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First National Bank,

OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.

STATEMENT.

At the Close of Business November 10th, 1904.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES	
..ns,	$312,132 94	Capital	$100,000.00
..S. Bonds,	50,000.00	Surplus and Profits (net)	145,392.98
..e Bonds,	156,125.00	Circulation	49,300.00
..ing,	27,000.00	Deposits	404,012 98
..from Banks and U. S. Treas.	24,159.71		
..and Reserve,	129,288.31		
	$698,705.96		$698,705.96

E. W. M. LOW, President, E. F. CARPENTER, Cashier.

THE COLUMBIAN.

ESTABLISHED 1866.

THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,
At Bloomsburg, the County Seat of Columbia County, Pennsylvania.
GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
D. J. TASKER, LOCAL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

TERMS:—Inside the county $1.00 a year in advance; $1.50 if not paid in advance. Outside the county, $1.25 a year, strictly in Advance.

All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1905.

The Supply of Coal.

Great Britain was greatly concerned a few years ago over predictions made by some of her scientists to the effect that her coal supply would be exhausted in a comparatively short time. A royal commission was appointed to investigate the subject, and the report has just been made public. As it estimates that the supply will last 450 years the British people may have their fears allayed. Before that time has elapsed more coal fields may be discovered, though it is probable that coal will cease to be used for fuel.

Electricity and oil are now used for fuel to a considerable extent, though hardly dreamed of for such purposes a half century ago. Large steamships visiting various parts of the world for commercial purposes now use oil instead of coal and an increasing number of locomotives in this country also consume oil. And yet it is less than half a century since kerosene oil was first made use of for commercial purposes. In 1859 the production in the United States was 84,000 gallons, which production has since increased to nearly four billion gallons, to say nothing of the enormous quantity produced in Russia and elsewhere. Now and then there is talk of exhausting the oil field, but new discoveries with increasing yield are made nearly every year.

It is the same with coal. The production in this country in 1866 was less than 15,000,000 tons, while last year it was over 301,000,000. The production in Great Britain has grown in the same time from 100,000,000 tons to 254,000,000, and that of Germany has increased from 35,000,000 tons in 1874 to 165,000,000 in 1904. There is no reason to fear any shortage in the supply of coal, while there is good reason to expect a practical discontinuance of its use for ordinary heating as well as for making gas.

The superiority of electricity has been demonstrated, and the waterfalls of the country are being made use of to develop that power. In time it will no doubt supplant coal and oil for both heating and lighting. Electricity is already used on some railroad lines, and extensive preparations are under way to increase that used on the New York Central and some other roads. Four hundred and fifty years ago coal was not used much in Great Britain, and if it has a supply in view to meet the demand at the increasing rate of output for 450 years longer it need have no fear of the future so far as coal is concerned.—Philadelphia *Press*.

"McKinley Day."

Sunday was celebrated the country over as "McKinley Day," in loving celebration and memory of the birthday of the late President McKinley. As in former years, The Carnation League of America followed its custom of having its members wear a carnation in silent memorial of the martyred President.

WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, Jan. 30, 1905.

The plans of the Administration with regard to Santo Domingo constitute the chief topic of discussion among Democrats in Congress this week and the comment is generally unfavorable to the methods which have been pursued. An authorized statement has been given out at the State Department announcing that the United States is about to take control of San Domingan affairs, collect the entire customs of the Republic, turn over to President Morales 45 per cent. of the gross receipts for administrative purposes and apply 55 percent. on the foreign indebtedness, which includes $4,481,250 due to citizens of the United States. The total indebtedness of San Domingo is estimated at $32,280,000 and it is further estimated that with the United States administering its customs houses not less than $1,000,000 a year can be applied on the indebtedness. It is explained by the State Department that the representatives of those foreign powers to whose citizens San Domingo is indebted have urged upon this government the propriety of the United States taking possession of San Domingan fiscal affairs, inasmuch as this country opposes their forcible appropriation by European nations, and that facing this alternative the Administration determined to adopt the former course. It is further declared, moreover, that the United States is acting on the request of President Morales who appreciates the hopeless insolvency which confronts his country and who regards a virtual receivership held by this country as San Domingo's only salvation.

***

In addition to the official statement made by the State Deparment it has been declared by officials of that Department that conditions in Venezuela present an almost analogous condition and it is intimated that eventually a similar course will have to be pursued with the Castro government, which has sought to evade honorable performance of the obligations imposed on it by the Hague Tribunal. The chief question involved is this, shall the United States, after declaring the Monroe Doctrine, namely, no European power shall acquire or increase its territorial possessions on this continent, permit European powers to sieze customs houses and collect port dues where Central or South American countries repudiate their just debts, or shall the United States itself compel the payment of such just debts to European creditors and insist that no reprisals shall be made on this continent by any European power?

***

Subordinate to this question however, although attracting greater attention at the present time, is the question of how far the President shall go in determining upon so momentous a policy and carrying it into effect without consulting the Senate. The Constitution provides that all treaties shall be made by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall be ratified by a two thirds vote of the Senate. The Administration objects to the term treaty as applied to the agreement with San Domingo but the constitutional lawyers in the upper chamber insist that any agreement made between the United States and a foreign power is, de facto, a treaty, irrespective of the name applied to it by the State Department.

***

In the present instance the President and the Secretary of State decided upon the policy to be pursued with regard to San Domingo without consulting a single member of the Senate and it is unofficially, but apparently credibly, stated that terms of the agreement with San Domingo will take effect February 1, although no mention is made of the possibility of the Senate's refusing to approve the agreement. Moreover, a considerable naval fleet is being assembled in San Domingan waters, seven vessels being already in that vicinity and several more on the way. Reports from the island assert that there are indications of revolt against the agreement entered into by President Morales, in some of the ports to be turned over to the United States in the event of which American forces will have to interfere and the agreement so informally entered into may result in a condition closely approximating war. Senator Bacon has introduced in the Senate a resolution inquiring of the President if any agreement has been entered into with San Domingo and if so, the character of its provisions. This resolution has been sent to committee but the indications are clear that the Republican leaders are not wholly at ease over the situation.

***

The decision of the House to demand of the Senate the impeachment of Judge Charles Swayne of the Northern District of Florida means the defeat of the President's efforts to secure railway rate legislation at this session of Congress and insures the calling of a special session for that purpose, to convene about October 1. The narrow majority by which the House voted for the impeachment of Swayne, six votes, practically insures his acquittal by the Senate, according to some of the Senate leaders, so that the time devoted to the trial will probably be wasted but that will cause no heart-aches to most Republican Senators who would prefer to do anything rather than further limit the power of the railways.

***

William J. Bryan has been in Washington this week laboring to promote the rate legislation recommended by the President and has insured cordial support for Mr. Roosevelt's recommendations from Democrats in both houses of Congress, but he was unable to influence a sufficient number of Republicans to accomplish the desired end. Mr. Bryan called at the White House and had a long talk with the President who expressed his appreciation of Mr. Bryan's efforts in behalf of railway rate reform. It is generally expected that Senator-elect (now Governor) LaFollette, of Wisconsin, will prove a power in the Senate in helping the President to carry out his plans at the coming special session.

New License Law.

The bill introduced by Senator Godcharles in the Senate provides that in each judicial district containing less than five hundred thousand population the governor shall appoint three excise commissioners. They are to hold office for five years and shall be paid salaries based on the population of their respective districts, as follows: Less than 40,000, $250; less than 100,000, $500; less than 200,000, $700; more than 200,000, $1,000, with mileage and other expenses. The salaries and expenses are to be paid by the counties. After next January the powers conferred upon the courts of granting licenses is transferred to the excise commission. The commission shall conduct public hearings of applications for license, having authority to issue subpoenas, etc. From any final order or decree of the commission granting or refusing to grant an appeal may be taken to the Supreme or Superior courts. The bill makes no change in the present system of filing and publishing applications, filing of remonstrances, conduct of hearings, regulations of the sale of liquor and punishing violators.

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For coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, weak throats, weak lungs, consumption, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

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Always keep a bottle of it in the house. We have been saying this for 60 years, and so have the doctors.

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Jesus at Jacob's Well

Sunday School Lesson for Feb. 5, 1905

Prepared by the "Highway and Byway" Preacher.

(Copyright, 1904, by J. M. Edson.)

LESSON TEXT.—John 4:5-14; Memory verses, 13, 14. Read verses 1-42.

GOLDEN TEXT.—"Whosoever will, let him take the water of life freely." Rev. 22:17.

TIME.—Probably December, A. D. 27, as may be inferred from verse 35. This was over six months after the events of last lesson.

PLACE.—Jacob's well, near Sychar, in Samaria.

A REMINDER.—Let us begin again by repeating our key verse, John 20:31, and may it help us to unlock the blessed truths contained in this lesson.

The Lesson Outline.

THEME.—The Water of Life.

I.—Jacob's Well of Water, vs. 5-9.
(1) A Thirsty Traveler, vs. 5, 6.
(2) A Needy Soul, v. 7.
(3) A Simple Request, v. 7.
(4) An Awakened Interest, v. 9.

II.—Jesus' Well of Living Water, vs. 10-15.
(1) An Unknown Friend, v. 10.
(2) A Waiting Gift, v. 10.
(3) Unsatisfying Water, v. 13.
(4) Satisfying Water, v. 14.

Comparing Scripture with Scripture.

1. Jacob's Well of Water. (1) A Thirsty Traveler, vs. 5, 6.—Here we have the humanity of Christ emphasized "Wearied with His journey," and thirsty, and yet not too weary or thirsty to yearn for the soul of the woman who came to draw water. His own personal needs were forgotten in the supreme longing to do the will of Him that sent Him. (V. 34). Whether at midnight with Nicodemus, or in the heat of the day, weary with travel, Jesus was eager to work for souls. What an example for Christian workers.—Gal. 6:9; 2 Tim. 4:2. We have here also a wonderfully suggestive lesson in tact in soul winning. Jesus began with the natural and led up to the spiritual. He asks a little favor that he may bestow a greater one. He avoided all the controversial points and held the woman to the main point of her own personal condition and needs. At the beginning she did not appear at all hopeful as an inquirer or possible convert, but Jesus' love and patience won. And what an enthusiastic convert she became. The verses following our lesson tell the prominent part this transformed woman of the town played in that two days' revival at Sychar.

(2) A Needy Soul, v. 7.—From the verses following our lesson we learn that this woman was a great sinner, a bad character in the town, but Jesus came to save just such.—Matt. 9:13. This woman came filled with thoughts of her human needs, and was unconscious of a higher need. "Her need was so great that she knew no need," save that of this life. She came with earthen pitcher to draw natural water, to supply a temporal need. And the world is full of such to-day.

(3) A Simple Request, v. 7.—But it proved the easy stepping stone to the supreme question of the soul's need. By the asking of this favor Jesus was breaking down the barriers which for centuries had separated the Jews and Samaritans and prevented the one from having intercourse with the other. The request was so unexpected and unusual that it amazed the woman, as is evidenced by her question in verse 9. One reason why so many earnest Christians fail when seeking to speak God's message to needy souls that they talk from a distance. They try to talk over the barriers, instead of first breaking down the varriers to the heart by loving contact. Love always finds a way.

(4) An Awkward Interest, v. 9.—The soul is half won whose interest is aroused and who is drawn out to ask questions. It was Jesus' opportunity to speak His message. To have spoken sooner would have found unresponsive soil and a wasted message.

II. Jesus' Well of Living Water. (1) An Unknown Friend, v. 11.—Jesus a stranger to her, and yet she not a stranger to Him. Multitudes to-day who know not Jesus, but He knows each individual soul. How sad to realize that the Saviour of the world is unknown to the world.

(2) A Waiting Gift, v. 10.—"The Gift of God." Not something to be bought. Not something to be earned. But a gift, a free gift.—Isa. 55:1. A gift to be received. But, oh, how many are rejecting it. This gift, the living water, is the Holy Spirit. See John 7:37-39; Luke 11:13; John 6:63.

(3) Unsatisfying Water, v. 13.—Jacob's well could only satisfy temporarily. So with all temporal things. They can never satisfy. This world has never yet supplied the soul's thirst. To realize how unsatisfying the water the world gives, one has but to look on every hand at the discontent, the mad rush after pleasure, the eager grasping for more, the longing for something which is not possessed.—Isa. 55:2.

(4) Satisfying Water, v. 14.—God alone, by His indwelling Spirit, can satisfy the needs and longings of the soul. —Isa. 58:11; Ps. 145:16; 107:9. Not only is the thirst of the soul satisfied by the Holy Spirit, but He is a "Well of water springing up into everlasting life," and overflowing to the blessing of those about. May we say as did the woman: "Sir, give me this water that I thirst not."

The Golden Text.

"Whosoever will, let him take the water of life freely." Water of life—the Holy Spirit (John 7:37-39). THE SINNER needs to drink to realize his condition (John 16:8). He needs to drink to know Jesus as Saviour (John 15:26). He needs to drink to know God as Father (Rom. 8:15-17). THE SAINT needs to drink to learn the truth (John 16:13). He needs to drink to obtain help (Rom. 8:26). He needs to drink to have power over appetites and lusts (Gal. 5:16, 17). He needs to drink to be sanctified. (Rom. 15:16; 1 Cor. 6:11), and to have power in service (Acts 1:8).

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shows us we have a great many broken lots. The styles are good and all sizes. We must get clear of these odd lots and are offering them to you at a ridiculuos price,

70 Cents

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SHOES FOR MEN - - -

"WALK OVER"—Best of all men's shoes, at 3.50 and 4.00. During this sale 3.15 and 3.60.

"BOSTONIAN"—Another shoe for men that is winning trade, 3.50 and 4.00. During this sale 3.15 and 3.60.

McINTOSCH"—The best and most favorably known 3.00 shoe for men, all leather, new toe shapes, always 3.00. During this sale 2.70.

One lot marked for quick selling—Culled from the "left overs"—mostly large sizes. Values up to 2.50. During this sale 1.39.

SHOES FOR WOMEN - - -

',PATRICIANS"—A dozen different styles in all sizes and widths of the most popular shoe ever sold in this vicinity. Always 3.50. During this sale 3.15.

"AMERICAN GIRL"—Shoes with light, medium or heavy weight soles, lace or button, kid or patent leather tips. The best woman's shoes on the market to day for 2.50. During this sale 2.25.

Every shoe for men, women and Children in the store reduced, but here is one lot that gets the knife deep—They are spring heels—with or without tips. Sizes 2 1-2 to 6—Values up to 3.00. During this sale 1.00.

SHOES FOR CHILDREN - - -

THE "LENOX"—Shoes for boys and girls from the baby to the age of teens is always here. Baby shoes that were 50 cents, this week 25 cents.

We get fresh sizes every week.

Even Lenox shoes are subject to the discount of 10 per cent.

BOYS and YOUTHS—Shoes that were 1.25, during this sale 1.00.

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENNA.

Off on a Pleasure Trip.

C. C. Trench, Gehrad Snyder and J. R. Fowler left on Tuesday for Florida where they will remain for a month or more. Mr. Trench goes to look after his interests, while the other two gentlemen on pleasure bent will visit the eastern and southern coasts of the state and probably take a trip to Cuba before returning home.

College of Music.

$34 pays six weeks instruction and board at the College of Music, Freeburg, Pa., piano, organ, singing, brass and string instruments taught. Young people as well cared for as at home. Terms begin May 2, June 13 and July 25. For Catalogue address, HENRY B. MOYER. 2-2-3t*

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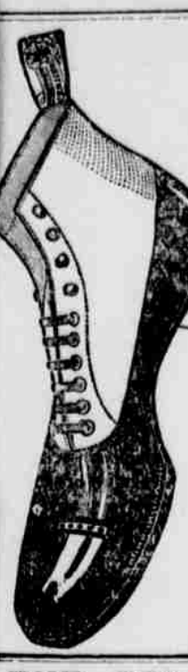

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When you tuck your's into a pair of

"Keith's Konqueror"

Shoes they'll tell you they're comfortable at last.

$3.50 and $4.00

Chas. M. Evans,

AGENT FOR BLOOMSBURG.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1905

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Club Offers.

Our Club Offers for 1905 are as follows:

The COLUMBIAN and *New York Thrice-a-Week World*, - - - 1.65

The COLUMBIAN and *Tribune Farmer*, - 1.25

The COLUMBIAN and *American Farmer* - 1.00

all strictly in advance.

We have but 100 copies of the *American Farmer* to give away. They will go to the first advance paying subscribers who call. Don't wait too long. tf.

LOCAL NEWS.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

Leases and quit notices for sale at this office 4t.

Charles W. Hess has disposed of his milk route to Herman Kressler.

This year of 1905 is somewhat out of the ordinary inasmuch as there are 53 Sundays, the first and last day coming on the Sabbath.

The year 1904 will go down in history as a record breaker for accidents and crime. Never before has there been so many fire horrors, railroad accidents and murders.

The girl who poses as a street flirt or lounges about in public places during evenings, is the girl whose name may be heard where men congregate to revel in idle words.

W. C. Thompson, the first man in advance of "Dora Thorne" Co.; a dramatization of Bertha M. Clay's book of the same name, which appears here next Thursday evening is in town today.

Philip Moser, formerly proprietor of the Heddens House, Danville, on Monday purchased from Lloyd Cooper, the hotel property on the Danville and Washingtonville road recently owned by the late Fred Moser.

Wallace Vannatta arrived home from the City Hospital, Wilkes-Barre, on Thursday, after having undergone a very critical operation. He is much improved and his complete recovery is only a matter of a short time. Dr. Bruner accompanied him to the hospital and was with him while the operation was being performed.

After having been in the circus business for twenty-two years Walter L. Main, who has frequently exhibited in Bloomsburg and neighboring towns, has sold his entire show to W. P. Hall, of Lancaster, Mo., for $120,000. Mr. Main's circus has always been noted for its fine horses and the clean, new-like appearance of the equipment.

The death of John R Mordan occurred at the home of his son Frank Mordan, near Mordanville Friday morning, aged seventy-six years. Death was due to pneumonia, after an illness of only four days. The deceased was a veteran of the Civil war, and leaves to survive him the son above mentioned and a daughter, Mrs. Millard Musgrave.

WANTED:—10 men in each state to travel, tack signs and distribute samples and circulars of our goods. Salary $75.00 per month. $3.00 per day for expenses. KUHLMAN CO., Dept. S Atlas Building, Chicago. 1-26 8t

The Alonzo Hatch Moving Picture Company will appear in Bloomsburg for the benefit of the Methodist Church Wednesday evening, March 1. The company carries an artist in the way of a harp player, and the entertainment has won much favorable comment in the cities where it has been given.

Charles P. Elwell will receive pupils in pianoforte and harmony. Terms reasonable. Call or address 233 West Third street. tf

A man in a neighboring town who secured his wife through a matrimonial agency is trying to secure a divorce. Just another instance of finding that mail order bargains are not just as represented and that a much better grade of the same article could have been obtained at home. Good enough for him; he ought to patronize home industry. The home grown article is usually the best.

The Board of Public Buildings and Grounds at Harrisburg on Tuesday approved the plans of the engineers for the rebuilding of the destroyed portion of the river bridge at Catawissa, a new bridge over Catawissa Creek at the Paper Mill, and one at Shuman's. The matter of the bridge over the river at Berwick was submitted to the Attorney General for an opinion. A change in the site has been asked for and the Board questions the liability of the State to build it.

It was in a town up the creek. The preacher was innocent in it and did not intend to cast a reflection on the choir, when a Sunday or two ago most of the singers had bad colds and their seats were empty he selected a hymn he thought the entire congregation could sing and said: "Since Providence has seen fit to afflict the choir with bad colds let us all join in singing 'Praise God from Whom all Blessings Flow.'" Most of the choir were so mad they talked of resigning.

We hear a great deal about the wicked avarice of titled foreigners, who pursue and marry American heiresses, but we do not hear half enough about those female vulgarians, who are accomplices to the indecency and, who permit themselves to be chased by every foreigner of rank, without knowing and apparently without caring, whether he is an impostor or a gentleman. No well bred and self-respecting woman will ever be caught by a foreigner, on account of his title.

HENRY W. CHAMPLIN, M. D.,
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT SPECIALIST.
Ent Building, Bloomsburg, Pa

AT FOUNTAIN SPRINGS.

Dinner Party Entertained by Dr. and Mrs. Biddle.

In response to invitations sent out a week previously, there gathered at the home of Dr. and Mrs. J C. Piddle at the Miners' Hospital, at Fountain Springs, on Tuesday afternoon, a company of ladies and gentlemen from several towns in this section of the state. There were present Hon. William A. Marr, Assistant Law Judge of Schuylkill County; Hon. Voris Auten, Assistant Law Judge of Northumberland County, and Mrs. Auten; Mr. and Mrs. Allison, of Port Carbon; Mr. and Mrs. McConnell, and Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. Adams, of Shamokin; Dr. and Mrs. Lathrop of Hazleton; Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Elwell, of Bloomsburg; Mr. and Mrs. William Heaton, Mr. and Mrs. Harper, Miss McConnell, Rev. Augustus Schleich and Mr. Frank Laubenstein, of Ashland.

A few weeks ago a reception was given by Dr. and Mrs. Biddle at the *debut* of their daughter, Miss Marie, and this dinner was given to the ladies who assisted at that time, or who had been invited to assist but were unable to be present. Very much to the pleasure and good fortune of the husbands, they were included in the invitations, and they were all there. It was a jolly party of congenial people, gathered together in a beautiful home, participating in an elaborate dinner of most delicious viands, and charmingly entertained throughout by a host and hostess who left no room for a dull moment from the beginning to the end of the evening. After the dinner the time was spent in games and music, and the dancing of the Lancers, in which the young and the more elderly guests participated, afforded much amusement. It was throughout a very delightful occasion.

SILVER WEEDING.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. DeWitt celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage on Wednesday. A large company was entertained by them at their home on West street during the afternoon. Mr. DeWitt was for many years engaged in the mercantile business at Orangeville, but moved to Bloomsburg a few years ago, and has retired from business. He and his wife have many friends throughout the county who wish that they may live to celebrate their golden wedding.

Mother Gray's Appeal to Women.

If you have pains in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain pleasant herb remedy for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's **Australian-Leaf.** *It is a safe and never-failing monthly regulator. At Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.* 2-2 4t

A New Columbus Death.

New Columbus lost a long time and highly esteemed resident early Sunday morning when Nathan Hess passed away in the seventy-eighth year of his age. Death was due to a paralytic stroke, together with old age. A wife and two daughters, Mrs. Rev. Boone, of Black Creek and Mrs. Zeb Stevens of New Columbus survive, together with a sister, Mrs. Polly Brader of Salem, Luzerne County, and two brothers, Aaron Hess of Mifflinville, and Reuben Hess, residing on West Third Street, this town. The funeral occurred from the family residence yesterday, and interment was made in the cemetery at New Columbus.

The Ex-Ninth Regiment basket ball team, of Wilkes-Barre, in a game marked by fast and considerable rough playing lowered the colors of the Normal five before a large and enthusiastic audience in the gymnasium Saturday night by the score of 25 to 23. It was a beautiful contest to look at and the result was in doubt until the last. Normal managed to keep the lead through the greater part of the game, but in the last few minutes of play, the visitors by some clever passing and accurate basket throwing, forged two points in the lead, which proved enough to land them winners. Robert D. Young officiated as referee and his work was perfectly fair and impartial.

This Will Interest Mothers.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, Break up Colds, Regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. They never fail. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 2-2 4t.

Light Street Has Fire Company.

Light Street is now prepared for visitations of the devouring element. A meeting of the citizens was held recently, and a fire company organized. Isaac Reichard was elected president, Eben A. Brown, secretary, George E. Grimes, treasurer, and E. D. Hagenbuch, J. E. White, W. M. Robins, Frank Seybert and Austin Ohl, directors. W. O Custer was chosen as solicitor. The company will endeavor to raise money to purchase apparatus in the way of ladders, hose and buckets.

PURELY PERSONAL

Miss Flora Skeer spent Wednesday at Wilkes-Barre.

E. F. Carpenter made a business trip to Scranton yesterday.

Warland Evans is spending several days at Muncy this week.

C. L. Pattor, of Rohrsburg, was noticed on our streets yesterday.

Frank Quick, of Orangeville, went to Philadelphia on Monday and returned yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Davenport, of Orangeville, are spending a few days with friends a Scranton.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver H. Watts have returned to their home at Middletown after at two weeks visit here.

J. P. Fritz, of Central, was in town between trains yesterday. He was on his way to Wilkes-Barre on business.

Mrs. Dr. H. B. Merideth, of Danville, spent Tuesday in town with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Eyer on Market Street.

Oliver S. McHenry, of Stillwater, went to Philadelphia Monday and returned yesterday. He intends to quit farming and go back to his former position as station agent for the B & S. Railroad Co.

J. M Gidding, formerly of town, now at the head of a large and prosperous business in Duluth, Minn, arrived in town Saturday and spent Sunday with his brother Ben Gidding. He left for New York Sunday evening.

Mrs. Robinson and daughter Miss Martina arrived here yesterday afternoon from Oberlin, Ohio where they have been living with Mrs. Robinson's daughter, Mrs. W. B. Cummings. They will spend some time with J. J. Robinson.

James Kocher a graduate of the "Republican" office, this town, now editor and proprietor of "The Record", a weekly newspaper of Nicholson, Wyoming county, Pa., gave us a call while in town on Monday. He visited his parents at Fowlersville over Sunday.

The Miners' Hospital.

The vast extent of the charities of the state, and the wonderful amount of good accomplished by them can scarcely be understood without a visit to some of the institutions that are maintained by the commonwealth. Prominent among these is the Miners' Hospital, near Ashland. This institution was built by a commission appointed by the Governor, of which the late D. A. Beckley was a member. It is located on a plateau a mile or two out of town, and in the summer time is said to be a beautiful place. The administration building is a large and commodious residence, occupied by the Superintendent, Dr. J. C. Biddle and his family and the assistant physicians, and used also by the trustees when present. The hospital wards are back of this. There are accommodations for about 150 patients, and 120 are now being cared for. Most of the male patients receive their injuries from mine accidents, and many of them would die, if left at home, for lack of proper attention. There are separate wards for males and females, and the children are also provided for. A new ward was opened last October, and in this are a number of very nice rooms for private patients. The hospital is arranged and equipped with up-to-date appliances, and it has all been done in accordance with the suggestions of Dr. Biddle whose reputation as a surgeon stands as one of the best in the state.

New patients are brought in every day, and besides those who remain in the building there are crowds coming daily for treatment in the dispensary for any ailment that they may have. Among the nurses in the women's and children's ward is Miss Mary Chromis, of Bloomsburg. She is pleased with her work, and those in charge speak very highly of her intelligence and her faithful attention to her duties. She was formerly in the Columbia & Montour Telephone office here.

One never realizes the blessings of good health and the escape from accidents of all kinds, so much as when one sees in a hospital the many forms of disease and of injuries that come to human beings. Some of the sights are sickening, and yet the surroundings are such, among them being perfect cleanliness and the use of every appliance known to modern surgery, that there was no indication of pain visible among the many patients. Dr. Biddle has been the superintendent of the Hospital since it was started, and that he is the right man in the right place there can be no doubt.

Judge Herring is one of the trustees of the Hospital. The Board holds monthly meetings in the building.

Suffered a Paralytic Stroke.

Rev. J. R. Dunkerly, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Shickshinny, was afflicted with a severe stroke of paralysis at his home Friday morning which rendered him entirely helpless and robbed him of the power of speech. His many admiring friends in Bloomsburg hope for his early and complete recovery. The physicians are confident that he will get well.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

This Week Selling
At These Prices.

25.00 Fur Neck Pieces,	16.50
20.00 Fur Neck Pieces,	15.00
12.50 Ladie's Coats,	5.95
10.00 Ladie's Coats,	5.00
4 75 Misses' Coats,	2.35
2.25 Black Petticoats	1.85
5.50 Wool Blankets,	4.50
5.00 Wool Blankets,	4.00
3.40 Wool Blankets,	2.50
17.50 Ladie's Suits,	11.90
12.50 Ladie's Suits,	9.25
5.50 Ladie's Dress Hats,	2.85
2.25 Ladie's Outing Hats,	.95

NEW EMBROIDERIES.

New patterns, good edges, Good cambric. Low prices. 1 lot each at 5c., 6c., 12½c., 15c., 25c., 35c.

SHRUNKEN MUSLIN.

Yard. wide at 15c. yard. linen finish; looks like linen. No more shrinking skirts or dresses if made from shrunken muslins. Yard wide twilled muslin 12½c. 10-4 N. Y. Mills bleached sheeting 28c. yard.

LONG CLOTHS.

All grades by yard or prices of 12 yards. Lowest prices.

YARD WIDE HILL MUSLIN 7c. YARD.

Buy as little as you want. Buy as much as you want.

FEARLESS YD. WIDE MUSLIN 7c. A YARD.

Sold by some as Hill. All you want; no limit to quality on either kind.

Best yard wide percales 12½c yard. All calico best made 5c. yard. Good apron gingham 5c. yard. 70 inch pure linen bleached table linen 58c yard. Yard wide Cambric Muslin 10c. yard. 45in. Bleached pillow case muslin 12½c yd.

SPECIAL HUCK TOWELS.

Size 18x36. A most excellent towell — hemmed. Price two for 25 cents.

All Comfortables Covered with Sateen or Silkaline filled with pure white Cotton at Big Reduction in Price.

The Clark Store.

TALK NO. 65.

Your Christmas Opportunity; Don't Miss It.

Our fine display of Holiday Goods is opened and ready. The most appropriate presents for one and all at fairest prices. We claim for our Holiday stock excellence in quality, great variety and very low prices, making this store, beyond a question of doubt, the RIGHT PLACE TO GET THE RIGHT GIFTS AT THE RIGHT PRICE. We invite you to inspect our stock before making your purchases.

Geo. W. Hess,

OPTICIAN AND JEWELER, BLOOMSBURG, PENNA

ODD FELLOWS PREPARING.

For the Twenty-first Annual Session of the Anniversary Association at Sunbury.

Preparations are being made for the twenty-first annual session of the Pennsylvania Odd Fellows' Anniversary Association to be held at Sunbury on Wednesday, April 26, which will be the eighty-sixth anniversary of Odd Fellows in America. The Sunbury Odd Fellows are now at work and the fact that the orphanage is near Sunbury will make the place especially popular for the meeting and an effort will be made to make it the greatest success in the history of the Association.

Several of the local lodges are also contemplating attending the National anniversary celebration at Philadelphia.

SPRING ELECTION FACTS.

When Nomination Papers and Certificates of Nomination Must be Filed.

The February election for 1905 will fall on Tuesday, February 21. Certificates of nomination must be filed with the County Commissioners eighteen days before the date of election. This makes Friday, February 3, the last day for filing these papers. Nomination papers must be filed fifteen days prior to election day, Monday, February 6, therefore being the last day for filing these papers.

For Rent.

Front room 25 by 30 feet, third floor, Columbian building. Water, electric light, steam heat, all conveniences. Eight windows. Apply to Geo. E. Elwell. tf.

WANTED.

MEN AND WOMEN in this county and adjoining territories, to represent and advertise an old established house of solid financial standing. Salary to men $21 weekly, to women $12 to $18 weekly with Expenses advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address Blew Bros. & Co., Dept. 5, Monon Bldg., Chicago, Ill. 1-19 24t

MONKEYS TO PICK PRUNES.

Five Hundred of Them on Their Way to California.

The proposition to train monkeys to pick the prune crop has been advanced by Martin V. Seeley, who conceived the idea of training the animals to do such work while a resident of Central America. Seeley says he has 500 tamed monkeys now on the way to California. The getting of help to pick the prunes off the ground has been a perplexing problem of fruit growers because of a scarcity of help. Seeley will place muzzles on the animals to prevent their eating the fruit.

Of Interest to Our Rural Friends

It may be of interest to our rural friends to know that, according to a ruling of the post office department, the owners of the mail box on the rural free delivery routes has no control over it; it is subject to government regulations only. On a free delivery route in Ohio, a local carrier recently found in a box on his route two letters intended for the owner the box, which had been placed in it by some one in passing. The letters were removed to Washington with a request for a ruling. The post office department sustained the action of the carrier and announced that all mail found in any box without stamps or the proper amount of money for postage, must be collected and taken to the post office from which the route is operated and there held for postage.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Jacob Rantz, late of the township of Greenwood, Col., Co. Pa., deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Jacob Rantz, late of the township of Greenwood, county of Columbia, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Wm. Mather and John Rantz executors of said deceased, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

WM. MATHER,
JOHN RANTZ.
Executors.

H. A. MCKILLIP, Attorney.
1-26 6t.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Notable Events of the Week Briefly Chronicled.

Walter L. Cohen, a negro, will be reappointed as register of the land office at New Orleans.

Mamie Rayburn, a singer, at Cincinnati, rushed out of her dressing room, her clothing aflame, and ran screaming through the theater. The girl was burned from head to foot and is dying in hospital.

At meetings of boards of directors of Vanderbilt lines held in New York W. H. Newman, president of the New York Central, was elected president of the Michigan Central and also of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Senator Daniel A. Campbell, Republican leader in the Illinois senate, was struck in the face by former Senator Tilley in the upper room. Much excitement followed, and two of Senator Campbell's colleagues, Mueller and Brown, and the sergeant at arms ejected Riley from the chamber and afterward arrested him.

Tuesday, Jan. 31.

The jury in the Hotailing case at Binghamton, N. Y., has returned a verdict of manslaughter in the second degree.

Commodore E. C. Benedict of the New York Yacht club and his guests have reached New York, having completed a pleasure trip of 10,000 miles on the Amazon river.

The supreme court of the United States has decided against the packers in the case of the United States versus Swift & Co., known as the beef trust case, charging conspiracy.

W. V. Daly, a mining engineer and mine owner, just arrived from Minas Prietas, Mexico, says that the Yaqui outbreak in Mexico is serious. There are probably 300 Yaquis out, divided into some fifteen bands.

Workmen are trying to discover the cause of a mysterious fire in the tunnel which is being built under the East river, New York, from the Battery to Brooklyn. For twenty-four hours smoke has poured from the great tube.

Golden Kimball, general secretary of the first council of seventy and a prominent Mormon, in a speech at Logan, Utah, is reported to have strongly defended polygamy and predicted that congress would be unable to stop the practice.

Monday, Jan. 30.

Frank Croker of New York, who died at Ormond, Fla., as a result of an automobile accident, has left an estate of upward of $400,000.

Two children, aged four years and a week respectively, were burned to death in a house at Wanakena, N. Y., on the Cranberry Lake railroad.

Negro troops from Georgia will not be allowed to attend the inauguration of President Roosevelt on March 4. Governor Terrell will not grant permission to the colored troops to leave the state.

President Roosevelt has directed attention through letters to Secretaries Taft and Morton to the desirability of encouraging by jiu jitsu methods and by every means possible the physical development of cadets at the Military and Naval academies.

A story of thirteen days of suffering in an open boat and a rescue just when cannibalism had been decided on was told by one of three of the thirteen survivors of the wrecked steam dredge Texas, who arrived at New York on the Cunard liner Etruria.

Alonzo J. Whiteman, one of the most resourceful and dangerous criminals ever known to the police in this county, has been recaptured in the home of his mother in Dansville, N. Y. Whiteman's latest exploit was his leap from a fast train to escape from custody.

Saturday, Jan. 28.

During a fire in a veterinary hospital in Baltimore William B. Wilmer, a veteran of the civil war, was burned to death.

In the trial at Lexington, Ky., of William Britton for the murder of James Cockrell in Breathitt county the jury has returned a verdict of guilty, fixing the punishment at life imprisonment.

Boston has a rumor that Thomas W. Lawson purposes to go to New York and lay before District Attorney Jerome certain evidence which will, he hopes, result in the indictment of certain persons who, he avers, have conspired to compass his financial ruin.

At Turk's island, Bahamas, a conference has been held by Dominican exiles, headed by General Deschamps, former vice president of Santo Domingo, at which it was resolved to make a national protest against the protocol signed at Santo Domingo by the Dominican and the American governments.

Friday, Jan. 27.

Four men were killed by an accident at Durham Furnace, Pa., when a local train was derailed.

Prince Eitel-Friedrich, second son of Emperor William, is at Potsdam palace suffering with pneumonia and is very ill.

Governor Higgins did not go from Albany to New York city to attend the annual ball of the Old Guard. He went to the railroad station and was informed that the railroad could not guarantee his return within a stated time.

Three men, who are members of the gang of safe robbers that for two years must have been operating in small towns along the Pennsylvania main line and in New Jersey, have held up and robbed three trolley cars, several pedestrians and shot and seriously wounded a motorman. Two of the gang were arrested.

Thursday, Jan. 26.

Brodie L. Duke, millionaire tobacconist at New York, has lost all interest in his bride, who was Alice Webb and who is in the Tombs under arrest, according to a statement made by his lawyer.

Father John Kreuger, a Franciscan, sixty-five years old, died at a hospital in Syracuse, N. Y., of burns. The priest while lighting a match set fire to his dressing gown.

George Wagar shot his brother John in their home at Cleveland, O., and then shot in the stomach a policeman who had been called to the house. He held the house against the police for some hours.

Health Officer of the Port Doty of New York ordered the Red Star liner Vaderland, in from Antwerp three days ago with a record of eleven deaths in the steerage, back to quarantine for a thorough fumigation, disinfection and examination. The ship was released later.

The United States cruiser Dixie has received hurried orders to proceed to Santo Domingo and is now coaling. Five hundred marines were brought to Colon from Empire camp and embarked on board the Dixie, which sailed by way of Guantanamo. Trouble was feared at Santo Domingo.

HUNDRED MILE RACE.

Fletcher Wins Chief Event on Ormond Beach.

ORMOND, Fla., Feb. 1.—H. W. Fletcher in an eighty horsepower machine won the hundred mile race over the Ormond-Daytona Beach course in 78 minutes 24 seconds. The course had seven turns, and it is believed the time made will stand as a world's record for some time to come. The winner was not picked out by the crowd as likely to head three or four of the other starters.

There were a number of accidents to machines, trifling for the time being, but of sufficient importance to put them out of the running.

Talking Machine Plant Burned.

CAMDEN, N. J., Feb. 1.—A fire in the plant of the Victor Talking Machine company here caused a loss of $7,500.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Stock Quotations.

Money on call easy at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent; exchanges, $422,593,365; balances, $15,580,177.

Closing prices:

Amal. Copper	74⅝	N. Y. Central	149
Atchison	88½	Norf. & West	79¼
B. & O.	102¾	Penn. R. R.	138½
Brooklyn R. T.	60½	Reading	88⅛
C., C., C. & St. L.	99¼	Rock Island	35⅜
Ches. & Ohio	49⅝	St. Paul	177½
Chi. & Northw.	246½	Southern Pac.	66½
D. & H.	184⅝	Southern Ry.	24⅛
Erie	43½	South. Ry. pf.	97¼
Gen. Electric	186½	Sugar	142⅝
Ill. Central	159¾	Texas Pacific	34⅛
Lackawanna	241	Union Pacific	122¾
Louis. & Nash.	138	U. S. Steel	30⅞
Manhattan	170¼	U. S. Steel pf.	95⅜
Metropolitan	116	West. Union	92½
Missouri Pac.	106¾		

New York Markets.

FEED—Irregular; spring bran, $18.50, January shipment; middlings, $18, January shipment; city, $20.50@26.50.

HAY—Quiet; shipping, 60@65c.; good to choice, 80@85c.

HOPS—Steady; state, common to choice, 1904, 29@30c.; 1903, 30@35c.; olds, 14@16c.; Pacific coast, 1904, 29@35c.; 1903, 29@32c.; olds, 14@16c.

WHEAT—Firm and ½c. higher; contract grade, January, $1.14½@1.15.

CORN—Quiet, but steady; January, 49¼@49½c.

OATS—Easier; No. 2 white, natural, 37¼@37½c.; No. 2 white, clipped, 37½c.

BUTTER—Creamery, extras, per pound, 29@29½c.; firsts, 27@28½c.; seconds, 24@26c.; thirds, 19@23c.; held, extras, 27½@28c.; firsts, 25@27c.; seconds, 22@24c.; state dairy, tubs, extras, firsts, 24@25c.; seconds, 21@23c.; thirds, 18@20c.

CHEESE—State, full cream, small, colored and white, fancy, 12¼c.; fine, 11⅞c.; late made, colored and white, choice, 11¼c.; fair to good, 10½@10¾c.; poor, 8¾@9¾c.; large, colored and white, fancy, 12c.; fine, 11¾@11¼c.; late made, colored and white, choice, 11c.; fair to good, 9¾@9⅞c.; poor, 8¾@9c.; light skims, small, choice, 10@10¼c.; prime, 9¾@9⅞c.; part skims, prime, 8½@8¾c.; good, 8@8¼c.; common to fair, 6¾@7¼c.; full skims, 4@5c.

EGGS—State, Pennsylvania and nearby, selected, white, fancy, 32@33c.; choice, 31@32c.; mixed, extras, 31@32c.; firsts, 30c.; common to good, 24@29c.; dirties, 19@22c.; checks, 19@20c.

LIVE POULTRY—Fowls, per pound, 13c.; chickens, per pound, 11c.; roosters, old, per pound, 9c.; turkeys, per pound, 15c.; ducks, average, per pair, 70@80c.; geese, average, per pair, $1.37@1.62; pigeons, per pair, 20c.

DRESSED POULTRY—Capons, Philadelphia, large, fancy, per pound, 23@24c.; mixed weights, 18@20c.; small and slips, 15@17c.; chickens, Philadelphia, 8 to 9 pounds to pair, per pound, 19@20c.; mixed sizes, 16@18c.; other Pennsylvania, 7 to 8 pounds to pair, per pound, 16@17c.; state and Pennsylvania, mixed sizes, 14@15c.; old cocks, per pound, 9½@10c.; squabs, prime, large, white, per dozen, $3.25; mixed, $2.50@2.75; dark, $2@2.25.

POTATOES—State and western, in bulk, per 180 pounds, $1.25@1.50; per 168 pound bag, $1.25@1.40; per 150 pound bag, $1.20@1.25; Long Island, in bulk, per 180 pounds, $1.75@2.00; per 168 pound bag, $1.50@1.87; Jersey, in bulk, per 180 pounds, $1.25@1.50; per barrel or bag, $1.25@1.35; Maine, per 168 pound bag, $1.25@1.50; Bermuda, No. 1, per barrel, $4@6; No. 2, $3@3.50; sweet potatoes, per barel, $2.50@4; per basket, $1.15@1.35.

DRESSED MEATS—Beef in fair demand at 7@9c. per pound for native sides; a little extra beef sold at 9½c.; common to choice veals sold at $5@10 per 100 pounds; barnyard calves at $3.25@4; fed calves at $4.50; westerns at $5@3.12½; calves full steady at 9@15c. per pound for city dressed veals and 6@12½c. for country dressed; mutton steady at 7½@9½c. per pound; lambs firmer at 11@13c. per pound; country dressed hothouse lambs steady at $5@9 per carcass; country dressed hogs slow at 5½@8½c. per pound for heavy to light weights; rough hogs selling at 4@4½c.

Live Stock Markets.

CATTLE—Supply light; market steady; choice, $5.40@5.60; prime, $5.15@5.35; veal calves, $7.50@8.

HOGS—Receipts light; market active; prime heavy, $5@5.05; mediums and heavy Yorkers, $5; light Yorkers, $4.90@4.95; pigs, $4.80@4.85; roughs, $4@4.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply light; market steady; prime wethers, $5.80@6; common sheep, $2.50@3.25; spring lambs, $5@7.85.

'05 FEBRUARY '05

Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fr.	Sa.
..	..	..	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	..	..	..	..
..	..	..	..	..	..	..

IN FARAWAY CHINA.

Fashions Change Even in the Distant Empire of the Celestial.

To be a slave of fashion does not necessarily imply that one must be of a civilized country. America may know more about canals, electricity and railroads, but China readily leads America in the demands of the fashions.

Woman, always quick to recognize the artistic, is picking up pretty Chinese gowns and using them for house gowns, and very delightful they are, with their long, graceful lines and soft folds. Not long ago an original hostess with an Oriental tea in project invaded a Broadway Oriental store in search of Chinese costumes for herself and also her assistants in receiving. The idea is growing, and now almost as many Chinese costumes are imported for the American woman as for the Chinese women.

Canton is the Paris of the far East, the fashion center of that picturesque country of lilies and tea. All the aristocratic Celestials, in whatever part of the world they may be, still watch that center with eager interest for the decree put forth every year by that capricious authority of Southern China.

As in all parts of the world, the matter of dress in China is no small one, or it at once determines the rank, the official standing, the financial worth and artistic taste of the wearer. To the uninitiated eye, all Chinese garments are practically the same. Nevertheless, there are constant changes, not only in the cut and fit, but also in the various modes of trimming, and, as in this country, it is well for the social leader in Canton to keep abreast of the times if she would hold undisputed sway.

By courtesy of Madame Wu, the dainty little wife of the popular former Minister Wu Ting-fang, the following information concerning the apparel of feminine China is herewith given. Nowhere in the world has the poetry of nature been combined in the national dress of a country as in the native costumes of the Chinese. Every well-dressed Chinese woman changes her gown four times a day.

When a Chinese belle or matron wishes to order a new gown she does not call a sedan chair and hie to the dressmaker. She simply dips a slim little brush in a pasty ink and in hieroglyphics composes a unique message something like this: "One day of violet in light blue," or "one day of primrose in changeable lavender."

This may sound like a conundrum to the American, but the Chinese manufacturer who receives the order will know very well what is meant. He knows that for a day in violet he must set his loom to weave so many yards of silk in light blue, with the violet design in bud, which the fair customer wishes for a morning dress. The design signifies that the sun is not yet high. He knows that he must change his loom all over again for the midday dress, with the full-bloom flower in design. The afternoon or twilight dress will have the half-closed flower and in the evening gown the flower is tightly closed. The same dye of blue is used for all four dresses, so the ivory skinned, lily-footed wearer will appear all one day in the same shade of blue, yet her dress will be in perfect taste, for she watches the hour and wears the proper weave at the proper time, thereby defying criticism of even the most exacting follower of fashion.

The most serious breach of etiquette a Chinese lady can commit in dress is to wear the wrong flower at the wrong time of day or season—for instance, a full-blown flower at night or a spring primrose in winter. For the spring wear there is a choice of all the flowers in season—the primrose, the violet, and also the young bamboo is often chosen in its varying developments. The autumn is generally symbolized by leaves or chrysanthemums.

What is a Baby?

A London paper offered a prize for the best definition of a baby. The last one of the following took the prize.

"The bachelor's horror, the mother's treasure, and the despotic tyrant of the most republican household."

"The morning caller, noonday crawler and midnight bawler."

"The only precious possession that never excites envy."

"The latest edition of humanity, of which every couple think they possess the finest copy."

"A native of all countries, who speaks the language of none."

"A few inches of coo and wiggle, writhe and scream, filled with suction and testing apparatus for milk, and automatic alarm to regulate supply."

"A thing we are expected to kiss and look as if we enjoyed it."

"A little stranger with a free pass to the heart's best affections."

The Fortunate Woman of To-Day.

Fortunate is the woman of to-day! It is the fashion to be healthy and happy. There is no longer any charm in being sick and melancholy. In fact, ill-health and disease of all kinds are conditions from which there are so many broad avenues of escape that it seems almost reprehensible to allow ourselves to suffer from them.

A clever woman traveler mended a rent in her gown by using a hair from her head as thread for the needle she always carries in her purse.

Hair Used as Thread.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CZARINA A SUFFRAGIST.

Empress of Russia Has Abiding Faith in Her Sex.

The Empress of Russia is one of the most advanced women of Europe, says the Chicago Chronicle, and does not attempt to conceal her opinions. She is a strong believer in female suffrage, woman's clubs, the higher education of women, and in her right to enter any and all of the professions. She is an enthusiastic advocate of the any movements started by women for the betterment of society. She has frankly stated that if she lived in a land where court regulations were less strict she would be an avowed female suffragist.

Of all the royal ladies of Europe the czarina stands out most strongly as the champion of her sex. She holds that almost all of the great reforms of the world have been brought about by women, and that they are just becoming conscious of their power and possibilities. Under her imperial patronage societies for the education and development of females are growing numerous in St. Petersburg and even spreading through the jealousy guarded realm of the czar.

"I have great and abiding faith in my own sex," she said recently. "Women are ever busy sowing the seed from which good springs up all over the world."

Since the czarina has become so deeply impressed with the importance of women's clubs and societies the czar himself has ordered that full reports of all such meetings shall be prepared for her perusal.

Stylish Suit of Black Broadcloth.

All colors and designs are fashionable, and one need only choose what

is most becoming and be correctly gowned. Black, however, is always good, and the above cut pictures a charming model in broadcloth. Whether the bottoms of the coat fronts are cut square or rounded is merely a matter of taste, for both ideas are exploited, but fancy at present favors rounded corners. The vest differs somewhat from the regulation models, being short and attacked to a wide belt of the material. The narrow revers are heavily stitched, as are the cuffs and bottom of basque. The skirt is plain, with a pretty flare from knee depth.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS.

To remove rust from knitting needles rub them up and down with a cinder.

Mix blacking with cold tea rather than with water, for thus a better polish is obtained on the boots.

To keep a fruit or seed cake moist place it in an air-tight tin with a good sound apple, renewing the apple if it becomes in the least decayed.

Match marks on a polished or tarnished surface may be removed by being first rubbed with a cut lemon and then with a rag dipped in clean water.

Do not invariably throw away the oil from the can of sardines. It is a very good substitute for butter when codfish balls or made-over dishes of fish are on hand.

Lime sprinkled on the shelves will keep pickles and jams in the storeroom from becoming moldy. The lime must be renewed occasionally, as it loses its power.

If anything hot has been accidentally placed upon polished wood it may be removed by first painting the spot carefully with spirits of nitre and then rubbed immediately with sweet oil.

When cleaning wall paper do so with a lump of dough made of flour mixed with a little soda and water. The soda will not injure the paper and the work will be done more rapidly with it.

Mildew stains may be removed from articles by soaking in a solution of four quarts of cold water and one tablespoonful of chloride of lime. Wash well in clear water afterward and hang in sun to dry

Cheerful People Seldom Wicked.

The happier we are the better we are. Cheerful people are seldom wicked; so, as the world jogs on it certainly must be growing better. There are so many things within our reach to add to our enjoyment, not one of them, however, containing more enjoyment to the square inch than the delightful trips across the country—even in our own vicinity, if circumstances will admit of no more distant points to which we may wander—which the bicycle makes possible.

The best disinfectant of all is sunlight. It destroys by its very brightness all sorts of germs and at the same time helps the growth of plant and animal life. Doubtless all have noticed that mould grows during the night and in dark, damp cellars. Bright sunlight quickly destroys germs, mould or other organisms. That is why it is best to let the sunlight into your houses for its purifying influence.

At the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. Pierce, chief consulting surgeon, started experiments, some three years ago, with the Finsen light in conjunction with the X-ray in the treatment of diseases. He got excellent results therefrom, and was among the first to adapt this remarkable cure to many cases which it was formerly supposed must of necessity be treated by the knife.

Not only is Dr. R. V. Pierce notable for his surgical achievements at his hospital in Buffalo, but nearly a third of a century ago he discovered certain roots and herbs which were nature's remedies, and succeeded in putting them up in a form that would be easily procured and ready to use. This he called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It maintains the patient's nutrition by enabling him to eat, retain, digest and assimilate nutritious food. It overcomes gastric irritability and symptoms of indigestion, and in this way fever, nightsweats, headaches, etc., are done away with. It fortifies the body against the germs of consumption, grip and malaria, it builds up the tissues and puts on healthy flesh.

Those desiring to know something about the body in health and disease, also medicine and surgery, without technicalities, should read the "Common Sense Medical Adviser," which can be had for 21 cents in one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound book. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE FEBRUARY JURYMEN.

The Following Persons Have Been Drawn to Serve at the February Term.

GRAND JURORS.

Adams, L. J., Briarcreek.
Briggs, A. G., Bloomsburg.
Creasy, Charles W., Catawissa Twp.
Clayton, J. C., Catawissa.
Huttenstine, A. M., Mifflin.
Hill, J. P., Sugarloaf.
Hummer, G. B., Sugarloaf.
Hess, H. C., Mifflin.
Jones, A. W., Fishingcreek.
Kramer, Wm., Bloomsburg.
Kressler, Clark, Bloomsburg.
Lahow, Wm., Madison.
Speare, Chet, Benton.
Smith, Nole T., Benton.
Sands, C. L., Mt. Pleasant.
Shaffer, Jacob, Bloomsburg.
Titman, Isaac, Bloomsburg.
Taylor, D. D., Briarcreek.
Tribelpiece, Ray, Orange Borough.
Tubbs, Timothy, Benton Township.
Watkins, Thomas, Cleveland.
Whitenight, Daniel, Fishingcreek.
Welliver, John, Bloomsburg.
Yost, Clark, Franklin.

PETIT JURORS.—FIRST WEEK.

Ash, F. M., Center.
Appleman, G. B., Greenwood.
Adams, Elliot, Briarcreek.
Broadt, Abram, Montour.
Bucher, Charles, Franklin.
Berger, Theodore, Berwick.
Beishline, Gideon, Berwick.
Conner, J. W., Orange Borough.
Chamberlin, John, Madison.
Creasy, W. H., Benton Borough.
Coleman, W. C., Benton Borough.
Croup, Frank, Scott.
Dennin, Isaiah, Mt. Pleasant.
Dunlaye, John, Conyngham.
Diltz, Samuel, Jackson.
Deily, Curtis, Bloom.
Eyer, Mathias, Fishingcreek.
Farringer, Emerson G., Centralia.
Geiger, Harry, Bloomsburg.
Greenley, J. W., Madison.
Hicks, Joseph, Berwick.
Hippensteel, John, Scott.
Hoffman, Jacob, Roaringcreek.
Hess, Alfred, Fishingcreek.
Kelchner, H. F., Benton Borough.
Laubach, W. S., Sugarloaf.
Leiby, James, Locust.
McKelvy, C. W., Bloomsburg.
Masteller, William, Hemlock.
Masteller, William, Sugarloaf.
McCarthy, W. H., Hemlock.
Moss, M. W., Benton Township.
Neiswinder, Jas., Conyngham.
Pohe, C. L., Catawissa Borough.
Parr, John, Mifflin.
Roberts, Clarence, Montour.
Runyon, Harry, Madison.
Sones, Edward, Jackson.
Stiner, Jacob, Bloomsburg.
Schwartz, Lewis, Hemlock.
Sult, A. J., Berwick.
Sands, J. E., Bloomsburg.
Snyder, T. W., Fishingcreek.
Tubbs, Jackson, Sugarloaf.
Werkheiser, James, Bloom.
White, A. B., Scott.
Walton, Lewis, Montour.
Vanhorn, Robert, Greenwood.

JURORS FOR SECOND WEEK.

Brown, Addison, Mt. Pleasant.
Baker, John S., Benton.
Beagle, Robert, Greenwood.
Beaver, W. L., Main.
Campbell, Jackson, Locust.
Creasy, Wilson, Mifflin.
Creasy, J. W., Mifflin.
Calyberger, Adam, Berwick.
Deitrich, Frank, Bloomsburg.
Evans, Harry, Hemlock.
Furman, C. C., Bloomsburg.
Fisher, W. B., Beaver.
Hagenbuch, Wm., Orange.
Hagenbuch, J. S., Center.
Hagenbuch, T. W., Scott.
Hauck, Samuel, Roaringcreek.
Kelchner, D. W., Briarcreek.
Keiter, George W., Bloomsburg.
Kline, F. J., Mt. Pleasant.
Kressler, A. V., Mt. Pleasant.
Moser, Joseph, R., Conyngham.
Meyers, Wm. W., Hemlock.
Meixell, Torrence, Sugarloaf.
Miller, Wm., Berwick.
Mensinger, J. C., Main.
Morden, Wesley, Bloomsburg.
Nagle, T. J., Center.
Rantz, Steward, Jackson.
Rhodes, M. H., Bloomsburg.
Snyder, Joseph, Cleveland.
Smith, Wm. S., Hemlock.
Shultz, Vincent, Madison.
Shaffer, John, Millville.
Snyder, Wm., Locust.
Unangst, Rudoph, Berwick.
Yocum, C. M., Roaringcreek.

Trial List For Week eginning Monday, February 6, 1905.

FIRST WEEK.

The Hydraulic Mf'g. Co. vs. J. K Sharpless.
O. W. George vs. B. A Friedman.

SECOND WEEK.

Jacob Baker vs. The Conewango Building and Loan Association and Tilghman Klechner and Charles Baker.
Christie Baker vs. The Conewango Building and Loan Association and Tilghman Klechner and Charles Baker.
Fuhrman and Schmidt vs. The Conewango Building and Loan Association and Tilghman Klechner and Charles Baker.
F. P. Creasy vs. North and West Branch Railway Company.
Harry Harman and Martha Harman, his wife to use of the said wife vs. The Pennsylvania Canal Company.
Benjamin Stackhouse vs. Margaret Albertson.
W. T. Smith and Son vs. Magee Carpet Works.
Agnes Smith vs. A. J. Knouse, S. L. Knouse, A. Z. McHenry and Merton Knouse trading as A. J. and S. L. Knouse and A. Z. McHenry.
Rufus Messenger and Sarah Messenger vs. A. J Knouse, S. L. Knouse, A. Z. McHenry and Merton Knouse trading as A. J. and S. L. Knouse and A. Z. McHenry.
Ida Fritz intermarried with Charles H. Fritz vs. The Township of Briarcreek.
E. D Tewksbury Administrator vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.
Frederic Hummel vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.
B. E. Sharpless vs. E. B. Tustin.
L. C Mensch vs. Francis Ely Defendant with notice to Margaret Ely Garnishee.
Freas B. Kingrose vs. W. D. Campbell.
Jeremiah O. Frey vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.
Mary A. Creveling vs. The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick Railroad Company.
William Ney vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.
John Mowrey vs. The Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.
Charles Reichard vs. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company.
H. V. White and William L. White vs. The Susquehanna, Bloomsburg and Berwick Railroad Company.
John R. Townsend and Louis J. Townsend vs. Benjamin A. Gidding.
Lloyd Fox vs. Philadelphia and Reading Railway Company.
Albert Low vs. The Borough of Berwick.
Sarah J. Martz vs. The Borough of Berwick.
Kimber Duty by his father and next friend Lewis Duty and said Lewis Duty vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.
Kimber Duty vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.
Emma Billman now Emma Duty wife of Kimber Duty by her mother and next friend Rebecca Billman and Rebecca Billman vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.
Emma Billman now Emma Duty wife of Kimber Duty vs. Edward Wardrop and Alexander Wardrop.
Thomas Elmes vs. Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.
Thomas Elmes vs. Cross-Creek Coal Company.
A. A. Eveland vs. Orange Township.
William G. Vetter Executor of the last will and testament of Lewis Vetter deceased vs. The Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre Coal Company.

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PINEHURST, N. C. LOW-RATE Personally-Conducted Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad. For the benefit of those desiring to visit Pinehurst, N. C., during the height of the social and golf season, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has inaugurated a series of personally-conducted tours to this attractive mid-South resort.

Two tours will be run this season, leaving New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington February 10 and March 31, by special train. The rates for these tours, including railway transportation in both directions, Pullman berth, and meals in dining car on going trip only, and three days' board at the Hotel Carolina, will be: New York, $32.00; Philadelphia, $30.00; Baltimore and Washington, $29.00. Proportionate rates from other points.

For tickets, itineraries, and other information, apply to ticket agents, or to Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 1-26-2t.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg, Pa., postoffice, and will be sent to the dead letter office Feb. 14, 1905. Persons calling for these letters, will please say that "they were advertised January 31, 1905".

Mrs. L. M. Roberts, John Shannon, Mr. George Thomas. Cards, Richard W. Smiley.

One cent will be charged on each letter advertised.

J. C. BROWN, P. M.

THE GRANGE

Conducted by
J. W. DARROW, Chatham, N. Y.,
Press Correspondent New York State Grange

THE NATIONAL GRANGE.

Worthy Master's Annual Address and Secretary's Report.

The national grange convened Nov. 16, 1904, at Portland, Ore. In his annual address National Master Aaron Jones of South Bend, Ind., said, among other things:

"Our Order is a national one, national in all its work, knowing no north, no south, no east, no west. United by the silken cord of fraternity, it is laboring to make happier and more prosperous homes on the hills and in the valleys of New England, among the sugar, rice and cotton fields of the south, the corn, wheat and pastural lands of the central states as well as to increase the sunshine and prosperity of the farm homes of our brothers and sisters who live in the fertile valleys fanned by the breezes of the Pacific ocean. It is the purpose of this great fraternity to increase the sunshine and happiness in the 5,800,000 farm homes and make agriculture more prosperous in all parts of our glorious country. It has still higher and grander objects, among which are to elevate the standard of intelligence among the farming population and to inspire in them more exalted ideas of citizenship.

"This organization is one of the great educational forces that teaches, among other things, that honesty, fair dealing, giving value received in all exchanges, industry, frugality and thrift and observing the Golden Rule are essential characteristics of good citizenship. Setting its seal of con-

E. G. LEEDY, MASTER OF OREGON STATE GRANGE, AND MRS. LEEDY.

demnation on all forms of fraudulent practices, extortion or robbery, whether done under the forms of law, by combination, monopoly or trust methods or by the more vulgar practice of common stealing, thus building up a public sentiment that will ostracize the man or corporation that amasses millions of dollars in any other way than honorable methods, based on the principle of giving value received for all labor or articles of value.

"Successful agriculture cannot be secured by physical labor alone. The methods of the past will not win success now. Past methods have exhausted the fertility of the soil to an alarming extent. Such system must be adopted as will restore lost fertility and increase it. The grange is the school where this system should be taught. This implies, which is true, that successful agriculture has been transformed from a business of physical labor mainly to one dominated by intellectual forces. Knowledge of the great laws governing soil management, vegetable and animal growth, applied science in the culture of land, breeding and feeding of domestic animals. The farmers of today and the future must be students and the grange the school and the medium for the exchange of information and methods between farmers, that all may profit by the knowledge gained by each. This is practical co-operation that is profitable alike to farmers and all the people."

He recited the achievements of the grange during the past years, especially emphasizing the establishment of the agricultural department and system of rural free delivery of mail as among the most distinctive and important. He recommended further action on the part of the state and subordinate granges favoring:

First.—A law that would compel all property to bear its just proportion of taxation.

Second.—Antitrust law and provision for state inspection of all corporations.

Third.—A pure food law.

Fourth.—A law giving the state railroad commission full power for fixing the rate for freight and passenger service.

Fifth.—Such a revision of fees and salaries as will place them on an equitable basis.

National Secretary C. M. Freeman reported that there had been issued during the year 381 charters for new granges, 45 duplicate charters, 620 seventh degree certificates and 2,698 sixth degree certificates. The total receipts of the secretary's office during the year were: From degree fees and state dues, $1,349; charter fees, $4,215; sales of supplies and stock, $2,852.61; dues, $4.25; total, $9,040.86. The total expenses of the office were $901.75. There have been 281 new granges organized during the year, of which Michigan has 64, New York 34, Pennsylvania 33, Indiana 21, Maryland 16, Vermont 16, Washington 15. There have been 82 granges reorganized. Thus the total of new and reorganized granges for the year is 363.

While the grange may contain only a minority of farmers, it is well to remember Goethe's sagacious comment that "everything great and wise was first in the minority."

THE BARGE CANAL.

Senator Ambler of the New York State Grange Legislative Committee Favors Resubmission.

Senator Henry S. Ambler, who was one of the most ardent opponents of the barge canal scheme in the legislature last winter, will introduce at the earliest opportunity at the next session of the New York state legislature a bill for the resubmission of the proposition to the voters of the state unless prior action may be taken by the legislature for the repeal of the act. Senator Ambler argues that the expenditure of $101,000,000, as now contemplated, will not suffice for the purpose, but that it will require at least $300,000,000 to complete the canal. If the canal is constructed he believes it will be a huge burden upon the agricultural interests of the state and upon real estate in the cities. He further says that there has been a radical change in the opinion of many who supported the measure before, as they did not then have full information as to the possibilities of cost of construction nor that it would be inadequate to the purpose. He believes that the canal should be made a national waterway and its construction paid for by the national government. He has recently caused to be sent to the masters of the subordinate granges in the state a communication asking that they forward a petition signed by their members to the canal board asking that no more expenditures be incurred for the barge canal until such time as the legislature shall convene and consider the proposition anew.

New York State Dairymen's Association.

The New York state dairymen's annual convention will be held in Herkimer, N. Y., on Dec. 13-15. This is one of the strongest agricultural organizations in the Empire State, and its aim is educational in every particular. It is self sustaining, although it receives no state appropriation. Among the speakers will be ex-Governor Hoard of Wisconsin, Dr. W. H. Jordan of Geneva experiment station, Professor Pearson of Cornell and Dr. Hills of Vermont, and several others will be invited. It has been decided to eliminate the exhibition of dairy appliances from the convention for the reason that most of the prominent houses who deal in dairy supplies are now making exhibits at St. Louis at great expense, and the exposition does not close until a late date, which will render it quite impossible for them to make a creditable showing at the convention. Grangers of central New York will attend this meeting in large numbers.

Jurisdiction of National and State Granges.

The national grange has jurisdiction over all the granges, issues charters, makes the laws, except that each state grange of course makes its own by-laws, which must conform to the national grange constitution and laws. Each state grange has jurisdiction over its county or district and subordinate granges. In some of the New England states instead of county limits there are district jurisdictions. The subordinate granges are the local divisions. Usually there is but one subgrange to a township, but there may be more if they conform to the grange law that no two granges shall be nearer together than five miles.

Anti-Oleo Legislation.

There will be business for the legislative committee of the national grange before congress this winter. It is stated that the oleo manufacturers have organized an association and are soliciting contributions from oleo dealers in the United States to raise funds to repeal the ten cent tax law this winter. There is no doubt that a large sum of money will be raised for this purpose, as the tax on each dealer will be $25. As the grange has been ardently in favor of the ten cent tax, it was largely through its influence that the law was enacted. It behooves the subordinate granges to petition their congressmen at once that the law be not repealed.

A County Board of Trade.

The Pomona or county grange of Androscoggin county, Me., is organizing a board of trade. Each of the eighteen subordinate granges of that county is to appoint a representative as financial agent, and these, with a representative of the Pomona grange, will form a board of trade to look after the interests of members of the Order in the county.

County Lecturers' Conference.

If the lecturers of all the subordinate granges in a county would occasionally meet for consultation on their work they would find the results exceedingly profitable. Such a conference could be held at the time of the Pomona grange meeting, or perhaps they would find more time at their disposal if the conference was held on some other date.

Must Show Results.

To become interested in us and our labors the outside world must see tangible results. Our organization must bear such fruits as shall not only be attractive, but prove of intrinsic value to its members and to the community in which it is located.

How to Cleanse the Blood.

A persevering use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., will soon relieve and ultimately cure cases of Fever and Ague, Biliousness, Rheumatism, Debility of the Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Bladder, and all disorders arising from an impure state of the Blood. Price $1.00, all druggists; 6 bottles for $5.00.

PROPER CARE OF THE EYE.

What to Do in Cases of Disease or Injury to the Organ.

If the eyelids have become reddened by the wind, bathe them in water in which a little salt has been dissolved.

A harmless and good wash for inflamed lids may be made by this formula. One cupful of boiled soft water, three drops of spirits of camphor, and one teaspoonful of powdered borax.

Congestion of the eyeball may be relieved by compresses wrung out of hot water, and repeated as frequently as necessary. Grated potato placed on the eye is also good.

The annoying sty may also be relieved by frequent applications of hot water.

The best tonic for the eyes is cold water.

Give the eye a daily bath. Take a cup close to the eye, and open and shut the eye in the water several times. If your eyes are tired and ache, rest them and sleep. When you have nothing to do close your eyes. Healthy eyes even should never be used to read fine print or by a dim light. Reading upon the cars is also a fruitful source of harm.

When reading or working, the light should be at one side, and never in front. Objects that get into the eye should be removed before they cause inflammation. Rubbing in the meantime only irritates and increases the sensitiveness. If the eye be shut for a few moments, so as to let the tears accumulate, and the upper lid be then lifted by taking hold of it at the center, the cinder or dust is often washed away at once.

Trifling objects can be removed by simply drawing the upper lid as far as possible over the lower one. When the lid flies back to its place, the friction will detach any light substance. If it becomes necessary, turn the upper lid over a pencil, and the intruder may then be wiped off with a handkerchief. If middle age be reached without especial difficulty of sight the person is comparatively safe. If any acid or inflaming substance has gotten into the eyes drop sweet oil into them, and wash out with warm milk and water. Do not wait until the doctor arrives, prompt treatment is necessary.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEWIFE.

When milk is spilled on a woolen dress or coat at once apply absorbent cotton. All traces of the stain will be removed.

Daring colors, like yellow and Prussian blue, are now often used where suitable to enamel odd chairs for both porch and indoor use.

A few drops of alcohol rubbed on the inside of lamp chimneys will remove all trace of greasy smoke when water alone is of no avail.

Perch or other small fish are much better if fried quickly in deep, hot fat. Larger fish can be fried slowly in a skillet in hot salt pork fat.

For the meringue on pies use one tablespoonful of granulated sugar to the white of one egg. It is more satisfactory than powdered sugar.

When the asbestos in stoves and fireplaces becomes blackened it may be cleaned by sprinkling it with salt and allowing the gas to burn for awhile.

Hot water will take out every kind of fruit stain from linen, etc., if used soon. But the stained place must not be washed prior to the use of the hot water.

Do not waste banana skins; they are excellent for cleaning glace kid boots or brown boots and shoes. Rub first with the banana skin, then polish with a cloth.

When washing white or colored ribbons, add one teaspoonful of methylated spirits to a pint of cold water and rinse the ribbon through, and it will look quite new.

A few drops of good scent on bits of pumice stone, and the bits slipped in bureau drawers or among gowns in a wardrobe, will perfume clothing delightfully.

To keep soup let it remain covered with a coating of fat, as it excludes the air and helps to preserve the stock. If the soup has no fat, use clarified dripping for the purpose.

The odor that clings so persistently to a utensil in which fish or onions have been fried may be dispelled by placing in a hot oven for ten or fifteen minutes after washing and drying.

Rooms that have been newly painted should have a large zinc bath of cold water left in them one or two nights. A good wisp of hay should be put in the water. One or two cut onions left in the room are also said to remove the smell of the paint.

Pebble Jewelry a Recent Fad.

A recent fad in jewelry is to use lustrous pebbles from the sea shore instead of precious stones, set in gold or silver. There is such variety in the the color and luster of a beach pebble that many different effects are obtained when they are appropriately set.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Planked sirloin steak, baked like fish on a hardwood board, is a delightful change from broiled or smothered steak.

MAKING COZY CORNERS.

Sphere for the Taste and Ingenuity of Woman.

As the architect of home adornment, it is to the woman of resources to whom we must look for those little artistic touches which bespeak the homely atmosphere and give the unmistakable evidence of forethought and ingenuity. To her an empty corner or an ugly niche becomes a source of inspiration, and she sees in imagination as soon as she sees the corner its possibilities of being transformed into a place of beauty and comfort.

She realizes that the tones of all the furnishings must harmonize with the color scheme of the room, and yet be picturesquely Oriental, or English, or Dutch, and she lets embroideries and soft draperies and all sorts of simple or weird-looking stuffs run riot—but still harmonizing.

She searches through the shops for "dear, new-old things, and she ransacks second-hand stores for equally dear new-old things"—if she has a full purse. But if not, she heaves a sigh and betakes herself hopefully to the attic and to the attics of her relatives. She rummages and pulls about the various treasures which her trained eye tells her are really "antiques," and she looks over her "find" from every view.

Then she sends for the carpenter, and lays bare her secret plans. Go into this artistic woman's house afterward, and see what you will see. Cozy corners that are cozy corners! Really comfortable snug nests, in which one may rest and dream dreams without being disturbed by useless fripperies and impossible tidies, for the "woman who knows" has her cozy corner and all the rest of her house furnished principally for comfort and incidentally for ornament.

"Restfulness" is the keynote for the den furnisher to follow, and then will the cozy corner be a cozy corner indeed and an everlasting joy.

Keep Young Though a Grandmother.

A woman need not be old as soon as she is a grandmother. Yet there is something in the term a certain aging, and too often this feeling of age begins to manifest itself in the appearance. A woman grows neglectful of her looks. She does not carry herself with the same smart air. She grows slouchy in her looks and careless in her manner.

"If I were giving the grandmother a few words of advice I would say:

"Be an April grandmother.

"Keep your hands young; observant people soon notice them.

"Have your teeth put in order and keep them so.

"Don't let your waist spread.

"Don't let your hair get out of style.

"Don't think just because you are a grandmother that you can be careless in your eating and drinking—and grow fat.

"Diet and exercise.

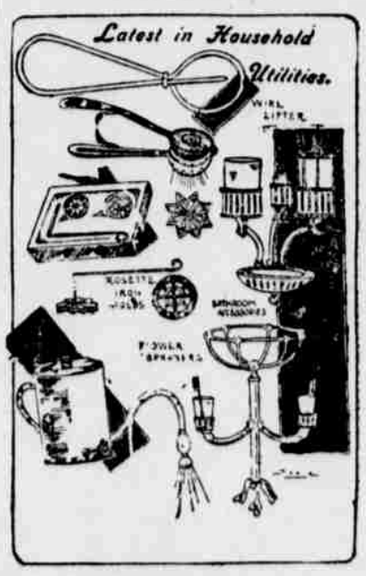
"Keep your voice young by modulating it a little.

"Don't croak. Don't complain. Be fresh.

"And never forget that an April grandmother is as young as she looks."

For the Sick Baby.

A diet for babies when suffering with summer complaint is made as follows: Beat the white of one egg until it stands alone, grate over it a little nutmeg, then pour on one-half pint boiling water, beat again until well mixed, sweeten to suit the taste, and strain. Can be used in a nursing bottle for quite a small baby. This can be used with success when milk and all other foods fail, and is very nourishing.



Revival of Rag Rugs.

A new field for women—or, rather, an old one revived—is due to some clever decorator's discovery that nothing goes so well with mission furniture as rag rugs. The new rag rug is a different thing from that of our grandmother's time, however. It is made of new materials, not "rags" at all. Several rugs recently put on the market are of one kind of fabric cut into strips and beautifully woven. Those rugs which have several kinds of "rags" in them show a distinct pattern in stripes, and the effect of both designs is very good, inasmuch as the weave is different from that by the looms of other days. As these rugs are shown lying on the floor before a mission furniture desk or under a mission chair before the hearthstone the look of them is so quaint and pretty that the woman buying her summer cottage furnishings is usually captivated at once.

SHERIFF'S SALE

By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Court House in Bloomsburg county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, FEBR'Y 11, 1905,

at two o'clock p. m., all those certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the townships of Locust and Roaringcreek, Catawissa and Franklin, county and state aforesaid. Bounded and described as follows to wit:

TRACT No. 1.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the townships of Locust and Roaringcreek, county and state aforesaid, beginning at a stone corner of land of William Wagner south four degrees fifty minutes west one hundred and one and four tenths perches to a stone, thence north eighty-eight degrees east eighty-five perches to a stone; thence north four degrees forty-five minutes east ninety-nine perches to a stone; thence north eighty-five degrees forty-five minutes west eighty-four and five tenths perches to a stone, the place of beginning, containing

FIFTY-THREE ACRES

be the same more or less.

TRACT No. 2.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Franklin, beginning at a lane of Abraham Lillie's and running by the same and land of Benjamin Ford sixteen and one half degrees east ninety-eight perches to a post in the road leading from said Lillie's land through Shick's farm; thence by said road north seventy-six degrees east twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a pine knot in said road east seventy-eight perches to a stone, south forty-two and one half degrees west twenty-five perches to a stone, south ten degrees west twenty-eight and two-tenths perches to a stone; thence north seventy-four and one-half degrees, west sixty perches to the place of beginning, containing

THIRTY-EIGHT ACRES

and sixty-four perches more or less. Being the same premises which T. A. Hartman purchased of L. C. Mensch, Administrator of B. F. Ford, deceased. Whereon is erected a two story

DWELLING HOUSE,

barn and other out buildings.

TRACT No. 3.—All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in the township of Catawissa, beginning at a Maple tree corner of E. M. Fewksbury and William Yeager lot, south thirty-nine degrees, west three and one-half perches to the publice road leading from Catawissa to Esther Furnace; thence by the said road south one and one-half degrees east fourteen perches; thence by the same fourteen and one-half degrees west seven perches, thence by the same south eleven and one fourth degrees east seven and one half perches to a corner of lot of Jacob Zimmerman; thence by the same south eighty-two and three fourth degrees west twenty perches to a pine knot; thence by land of John Notestine north seventeen and one-half degrees west thirty perches to a chestnut oak; thence by the same south seventy-two degrees west thirty-three and one-half perches to a post in line of land of William Stoker, deceased; thence by the said William Stoker's land north twenty-seven and one-half degrees west sixty-two perches; thence by land of Alveretta Fortner north forty-eight and one-fourth degrees east one hundred and twenty-one perches to a corner of lot of N. C. Baer; thence south six and one half degrees east twelve perches to a stone; thence by the same north seventy-two and one-half degrees east six and one-half perches to a fence post a corner of E. M. Tewksbury's land; thence by the said E. M. Tewksbury's land south thirty-nine degrees east forty-three perches to the maple tree the place of beginning, containing

SIXTY-FOUR AND ONE-QUARTER ACRES,

be the same more or less.

Seized taken in execution at the suit of H. W. Hess vs. T. A. Hartman, and to be sold as the property of T. A. Hartman.

L. C. MENSCH, Attorney. W. W. BLACK, Sheriff.

CHARTER NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said Court on the 18th day of February, A. D., 1905, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, under the "Corporation Act of 1874" and the supplements thereto, by Joseph Ratti, L. N. Moyer, James C. Brown, F. G. Yorks, E. B. Tustin, C. M. Creveling, A. Z Schoch, Frank Ikeler, John G. Harman, C. C. Peacock, Grant Herring, George S. Robbins, Paul E Wirt, L. E. Waller, Dr. J. W. Bruner, Dr. J. J. Brown, Dr. B. F. Gardner, Dr. F. W. Redeker, Dr. S. B. Arment, Dr. J. R. Montgomery, Dr. J. S. John, Dr. G. L. Reagan, Dr. J. H. Bowman, Dr. L. B. Kline for the charter of an intended corporation to be called Bloomsburg Hospital, the charter and objects of which are:

(1) To provide surgical aid and nursing for patients suffering from injuries and medical aid and nursing for sick persons who cannot be properly cared for in their homes.

(2) To receive and give proper care to persons who are convalescent.

(3) To instruct and train men and women in the duties of nursing and attending upon the sick and disabled. And for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges conferred by the said Act and its supplements.

JOHN G. HARMAN, GRANT HERRING, } Solicitors.

1-26-4t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Reuben Boston, late of Fishingcreek township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Reuben Boston, late of Fishingcreek twp., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrators to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to W. A. BOSTON, E. M. BOSTON, } Administrators of Reuben Boston

A. N. YOST, Attorney. 1-19 6t.

Professional Cards.

N. U. FUNK.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Ent's Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, in Townsend's Building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office on Centre Street, 1 door below Opera House.

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Hartman Building, Market Square
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Office Over First National Bank.
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CLYDE CHAS. YETTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA
Office in Ent's Building,

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office, Corner of Third and Main Sts
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Will be in Orangeville Wednesday of each week.

WILLIAM C. JOHNSTON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wells' Building over J. G. Wells' Hardware Store, Bloomsburg.
Will be in Millville on Tuesdays.

H. MONTGOMERY SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office:—Ent building, over Farmers National Bank. 11-16-99

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Eyes tested and fitted with glasses.
No Sunday work.
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DENTISTRY IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
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All styles of work done in a superior manner all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN.
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Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

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Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,538,915	1,021,6
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	425,
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,364,

Office—First Nat'l Bank Bldg., 2d floor.
All claims promptly adjusted and paid.

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GENERAL INSURANCE
Office 238 Iron St., BLOOMSBURG,
Oct. 31, 1901. tf

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop.
No. 121 West Main Street
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wine and liquors. First-class livery attached.

EXCHANGE HOTEL
I. A. SNYDER, Proprietor.
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bar rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1905.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Ladies Will Make House to House Canvass to Raise Money.

Our library has now been in existence for one year and a half. During this time it has been kept in active working order by the strenuous efforts of the ladies of our town, together with the good will of the citizens.

The time has now arrived when the directors feel that another way should be found by which this institution can be maintained. You with the rest of the public are tired of being asked to attend entertainments, pie and cake sales, euchres, etc; to accomplish this end and in order to do away with these means of making money the ladies of the library directors have decided to make a house to house canvas during the next two or three weeks, asking each citizen to give as he is able to this noble cause.

If sufficient money can be raised in this way the citizens will not be asked to buy tickets, attend sales or anything of the kind, but will be called upon once a year for their subscriptions. If this can be accomplished it will make the running of the library an easy matter.

Think over the question of library maintenance carefully so that when called upon by one of the ladies you will be ready to respond promptly.

LOUISE H. DILLON,
Secretary Library Directors.

Real Estate Transfers.

Register and Recorder J. C. Rutter, has recorded the following deeds, since those last published:

Berwick Land and Improvement Company to U. S. McNeal, for lot of land situate in West Berwick. Consideration $150.

Heirs of Michael Ruddy to Agnes Koris, for lot No. 3, in block No. 26, in Borough of Centralia. Consideration $650.

Mary E. Mifflin and Warner J. Mifflin and wife to Emanuel Creasy, for lot of land in Bloomsburg. Consideration $3500.

C. E. Kreischer and wife to Mary A. Harman, for nine acres of land in Columbia County. Consideration $40.

B. H. Dodson and wife to the United States Lumber Company, for land in Berwick, begining corner of Second Street. Consideration $3,500.

J. T. Ashworth and wife to Peter H. Vought, for land in Franklin township. Consideration $800.

Daniel D. Feldman and wife to Jennings U. Kurtz, for land in Briarcreek township. Consideration $125.

County Commissioners to H. D. Miller, for a lot of ground in Mifflin township. Consideration $14.00.

County Commissioners to H. D. Miller, for two and one-half acres of land in Mifflin township. Consideration $4.77.

W. L. Demaree and wife to S. C. Creasy, for lot in Bloomsburg. Consideration $60.

Thomas W. Merrill to H. E. Hippensteel, for land in Scott township. Consideration $2,000.

W H. Rhawn and wife to Susan Kostenbauder, for land in Main twp. Consideration, $1, &c.

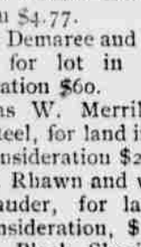
W. W. Black, Sheriff, to George E. Creasy, for a lot of land in Mifflinville and another in Mifflin township, sold as land of Stephen Creasy. Consideration $800.

Honora Robbins Grimes et. al. to Grace Neal Hutton, for lot in Bloomsburg. Consideration $500.

When you are chewing gum just step before a mirror and watch the very unpretty facial contortions you indulge in, notice the silly grimmaces as you roll the cud from side to side, and the swing of the jaw that reveals a cavernous mouth and then fire the stuff and swear off for good.

A MATTER OF HEALTH

ROYAL



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THEATRICAL.

HOOLIGAN'S FUNNY SHOW COMING!

That announcement means a night of joyous mirth and heart uplifting fun to all who have seen him before and to all to whom the exquisite experience will be new. Hooligan and "Hooligan's Troubles" have become synonymous and both are synonymous with fun. The merry comedy will be presented precisely the same as in New York, brim full of rollicking humor and presented by clever comedians, and novel specialties. A rattling good time may be had by all who attend the performance at the Opera House, Monday evening, Feb. 6.

It is spoken of by press and people who have seen it often, to be the funniest comedy ever written. After you have finished laughing at one thing, you find yourself splitting your sides over another. This splendid company of fun-makers is well recommended wherever they appear. Packed to the door, standing room only is the warning in all the towns. The crazy scarecrow and tricky donkey throw people into fits of laughter. If you are going to see "Hooligan's Troubles" then bring your needle and thread. You'll need it. It is beyond doubt the newest, funniest comedy ever offered to the people, creating one long continuous laugh. More real fun than a circus. A sunburst of mirth and music. All real laughter—no tears. There is every indication from reports that every seat will be sold before the night of the day of the performance. Fetch grandma and grandpa and the whole family to see "Hooligan."

"DORA THORNE."

"Dora Thorne," a dramatized novel of the present season, marks a new departure in melodrama. The story of the play follows the book accurately enough to permit the use of the title, but the playwright has chosen the incidents and happenings with excellent taste, and woven them into a play that is interesting in the extreme. The audience cannot help but engage themselves sympathetically with every turn of the fortunes of Dora Thorne, a girl whom the English would call "low born"; who won affection of and married the duke's son. The resultant plot may be mapped out, but the treatment of her natural girlish exuberance in contrast to the habitual reserve and repression of the manner aristocratic, must be seen to be appreciated. A large share of the success of the performance is due to the cast, which is strong throughout, including as it does, Miss Cuba Niblo in the name part, Miss Isabel Sherman, who causes all the trouble and that sterling actor of old men characters, Mr. George C. Denton. "Dora Thorne" will be seen at the Opera House, Thursday evening, February 9th.

THE HOLY CITY.

The Holy City is correctly described in the theatre program as a powerful dramatic story of old Jerusalem in the time of our Saviour. It is a very strong play and Gordon & Bennett's presentation at the Academy last evening was a creditable one. The company is good and some members played their parts in splendidly convincing style. Charles M. Greene as Caiaphas, the high priest; Clyde B. Callicotte as Marius, a young Roman; Raymond Gilbert as John the Baptist and Pontius Pilate; Amelia Mayborn as Herodias; Fred N Allen as John, the beloved disciple; Edwin Hoyt as Judas, and Leon Robertson as Peter, deserve especial mention. The settings are fine and costumes historically accurate and pleasing. The final scene, the grand transformation of the holy sepulchre, the resurrection and flight of angels and the gates of the new Jerusalem is a beautiful one. The atmosphere of the play is holy and impressive and made a good impression on the audience.—*The Morning Star*, Meadville, Pa., Oct. 20. Opera House, Monday Feb. 21.

ONLY A LAPSE OF COURAGE

By CHARLOTTE CANTY

Copyright, 1904, by the S. S. McClure Company

HEAVY with a thrill of apprehension the night air came in through the little barred window to Alice Forbes. A newspaper correspondent following the fortunes of war may not indulge in the feminine weakness of nerves, yet she paced the room in the old stone building where, through the kindness of young Dr. Wallace, she had been permitted to make her quarters.

It was now long past midnight. They had said that at daybreak, if the trenches of the enemy had not been vacated, the troops would move forward. Foremost in that charge would be Captain Alexander Forbes, and to Alice there was no one in the line so brave as her soldier brother. Together they had studied army tactics, and when his regiment had been ordered to the Philippines she had not rested until she had made arrangements to follow him.

How noble he was, how heroic, how different from— But there! It was absurd even to think of Dr. Wallace in the same hour with Alexander. Still, a realization that her refusal of him had sorely hurt the quiet doctor gave her an uneasy sense of not being quite on good terms with herself.

Out there, covered by the darkness, the troops were ready, and Alice, leaning upon the window ledge, fancied that through the stillness she could hear the pulse beats of the men waiting. She thought of Alexander, eager, wakeful.

Had she dozed? A low spoken command reached her ear, and the voice—surely it was that of Gough Wallace.

"Stop! Who are you, and what do you want?"

"I am—never mind who I am! Let me pass!"

The first tone of the response had brought Alice to her feet.

"Oh, it's you, Forbes! Then perhaps it's my place to explain." The doctor's voice, still very low, had taken another tone, and Alice heard her brother spring lightly from his horse. "I managed to get permission to quarter Alice in this building. You know how anxious she is to see every detail of your work tomorrow, and from here she can watch in perfect safety. However"—the doctor's voice broke somewhat nervously—"I didn't like leaving her here on a night so full of unpleasant possibilities, and I decided to remain near her in case of an alarm."

Alice was but faintly conscious of her feeling of gratitude toward the doctor. What had brought her brother here?

"It's more than kind of you, Wallace. I was a little nervous about her"—

"Oh, then you knew that she was here?"

"Yes—no"— Alice observed that he was fumbling strangely with his reply.

"There will be some busy hours for all of us tomorrow," remarked Dr. Wallace. "Of course your men are all wild to begin. Alice is very proud that you have the position of honor. B company leads, I understand."

"Yes; B company leads." Again the girl observed that curious weakness of tone.

"Forbes"—the doctor was speaking hurriedly—"I judge from your manner that you are not quite at ease about the little girl here. Let me relieve you of any anxiety on her account. If things go badly tomorrow, trust me to stand by her as friend and brother. I ought to tell you that I had hoped to be something more to her, but she thinks differently about the matter. I don't measure very much in her eyes beside you."

The words were spoken lightly, but Alice, listening, felt the keenness of their edge.

"Only a little while now between you and glory, Forbes. There isn't much of this black night left."

"No; there isn't. That's just it." Forbes jerked the words out with singular emphasis. "Wallace, I believe that, after all, I shan't be able to lead my men in that charge."

"Forbes!" The doctor's exclamation drowned Alice's gasp of horrified amazement.

"The truth is that I—that I have been ill all night."

The tremor in his voice translated the words for Alice, but the doctor had no suspicion of their meaning.

"Why, Forbes, you're all right. It's your first time under fire, and naturally you feel the responsibility, but you'll go through in fine style, and Alice will sing your praises more loudly than ever. You haven't much more time to wait now, Forbes."

A thin silver blade along the horizon was cutting the black night from the earth.

"No; not much more time." Could that spiritless voice belong to Alexander? "At daybreak," the orders read. "And if after the battle I am dead or—or missing you'll help Alice"—

"Have no fear for Alice. The thought of her love for you and her faith in your invincible courage will help carry you through safely."

"I know, I know, and for her sake—doctor, suppose I disgrace myself by becoming ill on the field. Would it not be better to let Lieutenant Roberts take command in this engagement, and maybe you can do something for me to help me join them later in the day?"

An unusual sternness gave a steely ring to the doctor's voice.

"If you are not there at the opening of the charge, you'll never get the men to follow you again. You know as well as I that the first engagement is the crucial test. We're only flesh and blood, Forbes, but there are hours when we must become something harder, and your hour is here."

The view about them was slowly widening as the darkness rolled away. Alexander Forbes stepped back a pace, and Alice looked down upon him. One glance at the shrinking figure confirmed her worst fears. She sank down upon the window ledge, shamed to the soul by the revelation of his cowardice.

She was roused by the sudden blast of a bugle, the call to arms that she had heard in her dreams so many times. It drew her to her feet, and she looked down at Alexander. He could not fail to respond, she thought, and then the doctor's voice came up again to her.

"Forbes!" The doctor had seized Alexander and dragged him to his horse. "Mount and go!"

But Alexander was past speech. He stood looking miserably at the doctor, and Alice closed her eyes to shut out the wretchedness of his face.

She opened them again at the sudden sound of a galloping horse's hoof beats. He had gone, then! No; he was still there under her window, a limp heap. But in the weird dusk of the new day she saw Gough Wallace, mounted upon Alexander's horse, dashing rapidly across the fields. The horse sped on past the ranks of B company straight for the intrenchments of

"Mount and go!"

the enemy. Then, mingled with the confused sounds of the opening battle, she heard a tremendous shout go up:

"Forbes! Forbes! Hurrah! Forbes!"

Over the uneven fields the men were scrambling after the fearless rider, the darkness hiding from them the fact that he was not their captain.

The cry had reached Alexander. Alice saw him rise and listen. The name rang out once more, "Forbes!" and then a broken cheer.

The work of battle had begun, and the cheer had brought the soldier spirit back into Alexander's blood. Alice saw him drop his cowering manner as a prisoner might step out of his shackles. She leaned forward to cry out to him in her eagerness, but Alexander was running swiftly over the fields, following the shouting voices.

Down through the ranks of hastily forming companies he ran, through trenches and ditches, over rock and stone and stubble, to where B company was drawing together at the front. Under the untrained leader the men were forming wildly, uncertainly. The uneven fire of the enemy was finding victims on every side. He pressed on without stopping until he seized the bridle of his horse.

Gough Wallace looked down into the face of the soldier. It was quiet and resolute, but the torch of war was blazing in his eyes.

"There's better work for you back there, Wallace," said Alexander, and then the first heavy volley from the enemy gave emphasis to his words.

Gough Wallace did not reply. The volley had cut into B company, and in the uncertain light Captain Forbes saw the doctor plunge headlong from the saddle. An instant later the music of Alexander's martial commands cut a path through the noise, and B company formed into firing lines.

Many hours later the doctor opened his eyes in the tent of the army surgeon. The first glance that met his was that of his chief; then a hand stole into his, and Wallace looked up into the blue eyes of Alice Forbes.

"Our war correspondent has turned nurse, Wallace, and you're under orders for the present," explained the surgeon. "I don't know how you managed to get yourself into that tangle at the front, but that's where the hospital men found you. There's not much wrong with you, only now you'll have to take that vacation that I've been advising. I'll have you in shape for the first transport that leaves."

"The very first," supplemented Alice, with a tremulous tenderness that revived a stifled dream in the young doctor's heart.

"I'd like to see your nurse go with you," went on the surgeon, "but of course she'll have too much to write now of her soldier brother's doings. My soul, but Alexander has made a brilliant day of this! I suppose, Miss Forbes, that you'll never wish to leave your hero now?"

Miss Forbes bent low over the cot, her lips trembling, her eyes filled with a look that answered a longing in the heart of Gough Wallace, although she answered the surgeon:

"I shall wish to follow always wherever my hero leads."

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A Village Blessing.

Mrs. Tittle—Isn't is awful the way Mrs. Wild goes on with Mr. Wayward?

Mrs. Tattle—Yes; I've often thought what a blessing they are to the village. It would be intolerably dull without them, don't you think?—Boston Transcript.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. Use For Over Thirty Years. Castoria

DR. IRVINE "FORGIVES."

Deposed Priest Will Drop All Proceedings Against Bishop Talbot.

Rev. Dr. I. N. W. Irvine, who was deposed by Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, of the Diocese of Central Pennsylvania, and whose effort recently to present the bishop failed, on Monday issued a signed statement announcing his intention to drop all proceedings against Bishop Talbot, both ecclesiastical and legal. He stated that he is actuated by a desire to prevent further scandal to the Episcopal Church.

Undesirable Element.

The foreign element crowding into the coal regions must be a valuable acquisition to the population if the following from the Hazleton *Standard* is any criterion:

"People should not throw dead chickens into the street as they are apt to be picked up by the foreign element, who cook and eat them. They make a practice of going about the city in quest of dead fowl and visit the offal barrels of the grocery stores, where they gather up spoiled fish and other cast off eatables. Health Officer Bonner has repeatedly warned this class of people to desist in this practice, but they continue to violate the injunction."

STORY OF CAL-CURA.

Discovered by Dr. David Kennedy—Only Kidney Remedy Sold Under Guarantee.

Dr. David Kennedy was born in New York City, but at an early age his family moved to Roxbury, N.Y. He was graduated in 1860 from the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons. He at once volunteered as a surgeon and was assigned to the United States Army General Hospital in West Philadelphia, and soon became President of the Examining Board and Consulting Surgeon. After the war, Dr. Kennedy settled in Rondout, City of Kingston, N. Y., where for a number of years he enjoyed a large practice as an operative surgeon. He was one of the Presidential Electors of New York State, Mayor of Kingston for four years, and held many other professional, business and political offices.

The latest achievement of his life was the discovery of Cal-cura Solvent, a positive cure for all diseases of the kidneys and bladder. In speaking of this remarkable remedy, he said: "Cal-cura Solvent is the crowning achievement of my life. It will not disappoint."

Your druggist will return your money if Cal-cura fails to cure, and The Cal-cura Company, of Rondout, N. Y., will pay the druggist. Cal-cura Solvent cures 98% of all cases of Kidney, Bladder and Liver disorders. $1.00 a bottle. Only one size.

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